

**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION**

CENTRAL VALLEY PROJECT

GENERATOR IMBALANCE SERVICE

Effective:

October 1, 2024, through September 30, 2029, or until superseded, whichever occurs earlier.

Available:

In the area served by the Western Area Power Administration (WAPA), Sierra Nevada Customer Service Region (SN).

Applicable:

To generators receiving Generator Imbalance (GI) Service.

Character and Conditions of Service:

GI Service is provided when a difference occurs between the scheduled and actual delivery of energy from an eligible generation resource within the Sub-Balancing Authority (SBA), over an hour, or in accordance with approved policies. The deviation in megawatts is the net scheduled amount of generation minus the net metered output from the generator's (actual generation) amount.

GI Service is subject to the deviation bandwidth established in the service agreement or Interconnected Operations Agreements.

Formula Rate:

The formula rate for the GI Service has three components:

Component 1:

GI Service is applied to deviations as follows unless otherwise dictated by contract or policy:

(1) deviations within the bandwidth will be tracked and settled financially at the greater of the California Independent System Operator (CAISO) market price or WAPA-SN's actual cost; (2) negative deviations (under-delivery), outside the deviation bandwidth, will be charged the greater of 150-percent of the CAISO market price or 150-percent of WAPA-SN's actual cost; and (3) positive deviations (over-delivery), outside the deviation bandwidth, will be lost to the system, except for any hour when WAPA-SN incurs a cost to dispose of the energy, in which event the responsible party will bear that cost.

Deviations that occur due to actions taken to support reliability will be resolved in accordance with existing contractual requirements. Such actions include reserve activations or uncontrolled event responses as directed by the responsible reliability authority such as SBA, Host Balancing Authority (HBA), Reliability Coordinator, or Transmission Operator.

To the extent that an entity incorporates intermittent resources, deviations will be charged as follows unless otherwise dictated by contract or policy: (1) deviations within the bandwidth will be tracked and settled financially at the greater of the CAISO market price or WAPA-SN's actual cost; (2) negative deviations (under-delivery), outside the deviation bandwidth, will be charged the greater of market price or actual cost (no penalty); and (3) positive deviations (over-delivery), outside the deviation bandwidth, will be lost to the system, except for any hour where WAPA-SN incurs a cost, then that cost will be borne by the responsible party.

Intermittent generators serving load outside of WAPA-SN's SBA will be required to dynamically schedule or dynamically meter their generation to another Balancing Authority. An intermittent resource, for the limited purpose of these rate schedules, is an electric generator that is not dispatchable and cannot store its output, and therefore, cannot respond to changes in

demand or respond to transmission security constraints.

Component 2:

Any charges or credits associated with the creation, termination, or modification to any tariff, contract, or rate schedule accepted or approved by FERC or other regulatory body will be passed on to each relevant customer. The charges or credits apply to the service to which this rate methodology applies. When possible, WAPA-SN will pass through charges or credits directly to the customer in the same manner WAPA-SN is charged or credited. When not possible, the charges or credits will be passed through using Component 1 of the formula rate.

Component 3:

Any charges or credits from the Host Balancing Authority for providing this service will be passed on to each relevant customer. When possible, WAPA-SN will pass through charges and credits directly to the customer in the same manner WAPA-SN is charged or credited. When not possible, the charges or credits will be passed through using Component 1 of the formula rate.

Billing:

Billing for negative deviations outside the bandwidth will occur monthly.

Audit Adjustments:

Financial audit adjustments that apply to the formula rate under this rate schedule will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine the appropriate treatment for repayment and cash flow management.