

POST-1985 MARKETING PLAN EASTERN DIVISION

PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM

BILLINGS AREA

PUBLIC INFORMATION FORUM

MAY 13, 14, 15, 1980 FARGO, SIOUX FALLS, BILLINGS
JUNE 25, 26, 27, 1980 SIOUX FALLS, FARGO, BILLINGS

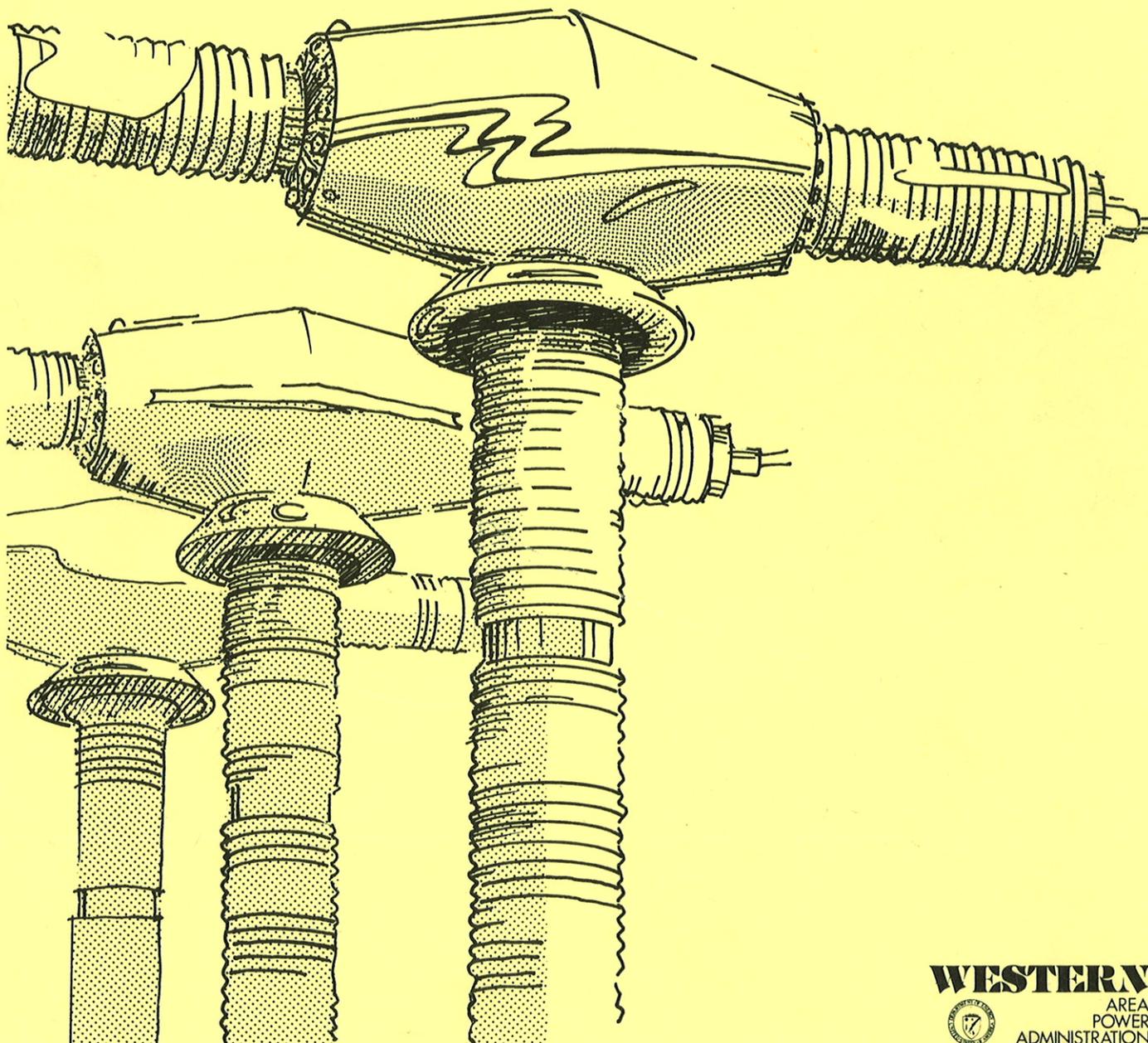


FIGURE 1

YELLOWTAIL DAM

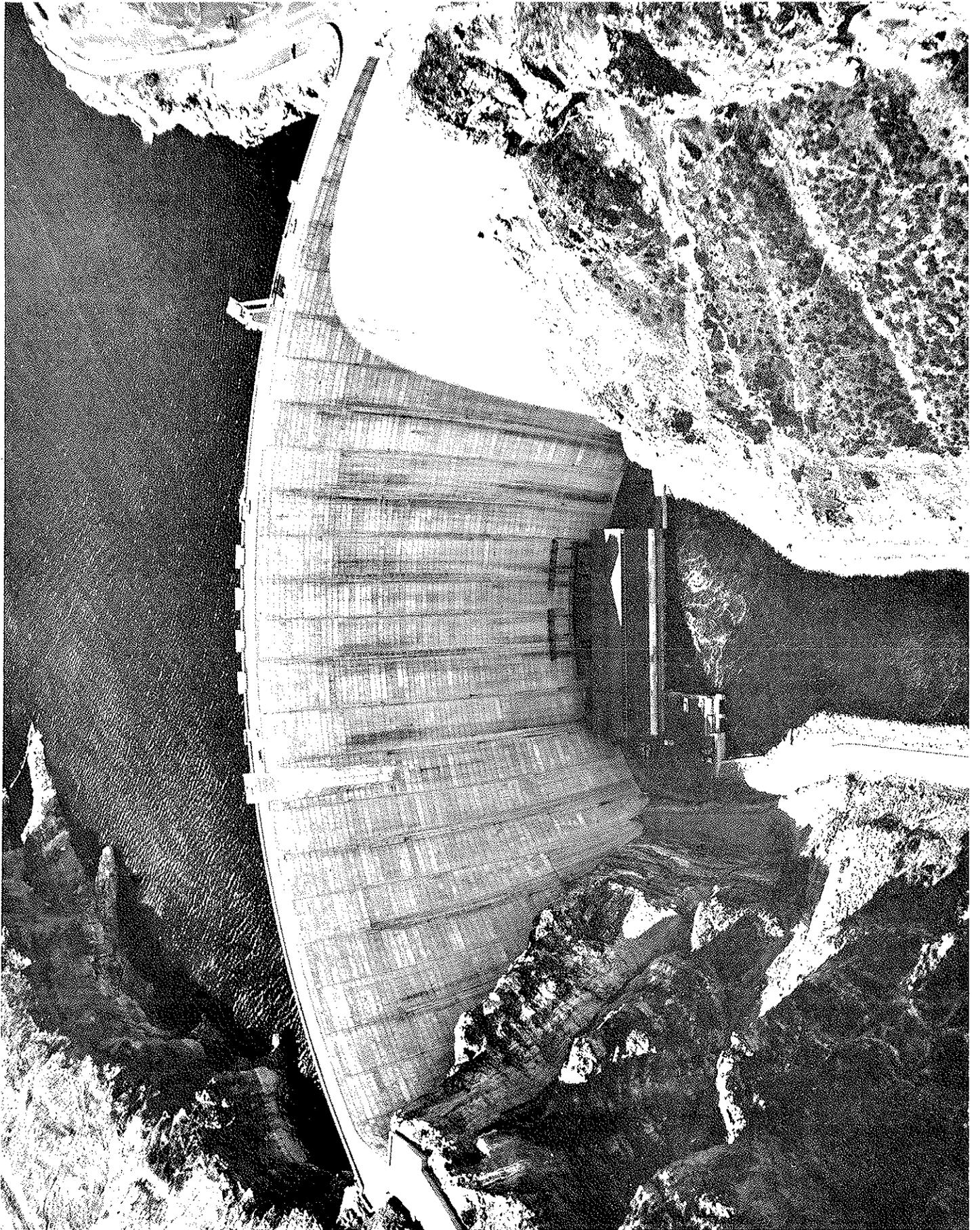
LOCATION : Near Fort Smith, Montana, on the Big Horn River

OWNERSHIP : Water and Power Resources Service

INSTALLED CAPACITY: Unit #1 - 62,500 KW
Unit #2 - 62,500 KW
Unit #3 - 62,500 KW
Unit #4 - 62,500 KW

TOTAL INSTALLED
CAPACITY : 250,000 KW

DATE OF INITIAL
GENERATION : August 1966



INTRODUCTION

The Western Area Power Administration markets Federal power in a large area of the west from several projects.

The Billings Area of the Western Area Power Administration (Western) markets power from the Eastern Division of the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program (Eastern Division).

The Eastern Division includes 8 powerplants, over 7300 miles of high-voltage transmission lines and 90 substations. The powerplants (located in Montana, North Dakota, and South Dakota) are owned and operated by the Corps of Engineers and the Water and Power Resources Services (formerly the Bureau of Reclamation). Transmission facilities are owned and operated by Western.

The Eastern Division transmission system is located in a 7-state area, including facilities in Missouri that effect an intertie with the Southwestern Power Administration. In the Eastern Division, Western markets power to 230 preference customers in a 6-state area and also delivers power to an irrigation district in Kansas.

Present commitments of commercial firm power (excluding project pumping) in the Eastern Division total 1982 MW in the summer and 1967 MW in the winter. Contractual commitments terminate during the period 1985-1990, with most commitments terminating on December 31, 1985.

This marketing study presents data concerning power marketing for the period after 1985. The report includes 5 basic options, a description of present commitments, a description of existing resources, a description of potential new resources, a presentation of possible post-1985 marketing, and an appendix section containing additional detailed data.

Western announced in January 1979 that it was starting planning of post-1985 marketing. Preliminary public meetings were held in Sioux Falls and Billings in March 1979. Options available to Western were presented, and the opinion of customers and other interested parties was solicited. Many of you have written to Western giving comments on the options discussed.

The marketing study presented at May 1980 meetings still have the options open. New resource data for the period 1980-2000 are now available and are presented in this report.

We urge all customers and other interested parties who have additional or revised comments to make them prior to June 13. Your 1979 comments are on file and under consideration. However, if you wish to comment again, please do so.

The May 1980 meetings are informal public information forums. We are still asking for input. The June meetings will be formal public information forums, and Western will present its proposals for post-1985 marketing. Public Comment forums will be held in late August.

Please direct any comments you have at this time to James D. Davies, Area Manager, Billings Area Office, Western Area Power Administration, P. O. Box EGY, Billings, Montana 59101.

OPTIONS

There are five basic subjects which require decisions prior to establishing final marketing plans. There are several options open on each subject.

The following sheets present the five subjects as "Option Papers". Options are listed and will be discussed. Other options may be available.

Comments are requested on the options available.

OPTION PAPER I

POST-1985 MARKETING PLAN
EASTERN DIVISION, PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM

SUBJECT: MARKETING AREA - EXISTING RESOURCES - EXISTING FACILITIES

DESCRIPTION: THE MARKETING AREA OF THE EASTERN DIVISION IS DESCRIBED AS "MONTANA EAST OF THE CONTINENTAL DIVIDE, ALL OF NORTH AND SOUTH DAKOTA, NEBRASKA EAST OF THE 101° MERIDIAN, IOWA WEST OF THE 94½° MERIDIAN, AND MINNESOTA WEST OF A LINE ON THE 94½° MERIDIAN FROM THE SOUTHERN BOUNDARY OF THE STATE TO THE 46° PARALLEL AND THENCE NORTHWESTERLY TO THE NORTHERN BOUNDARY OF THE STATE AT THE 96½° MERIDIAN". SEE MAP.

OPTIONS:

1. LEAVE MARKETING AREA THE SAME.
2. EXPAND MARKETING AREA.
3. REDUCE MARKETING AREA.

RECOMMENDATION: DISCUSS OPTIONS AT MAY MEETINGS.

MISSOURI RIVER BASIN POWER SYSTEMS

EXISTING AND POTENTIAL PLANTS, FEDERALLY OWNED

NAME PLATE RATING IN MW

| MONTANA | |
|---------|-----------------|
| 1 | Allenspur 250 |
| 2 | Canyon Ferry 50 |
| 3 | Fort Peck 165 |
| 4 | Yellowtail 250 |

WYOMING

| | |
|----|----------------------|
| 1 | Alcoy 36 |
| 2 | Bald Ridge 25 |
| 3 | Boysen 15 |
| 4 | Fremont Canyon 48 |
| 5 | Glendo 24 |
| 6 | Guernsey 4.8 |
| 7 | Heart Mountain 5 |
| 8 | Hunter Mountain 14.4 |
| 9 | Kortes 36 |
| 10 | Seminole 32.4 |
| 11 | Sheridan 25 |
| 12 | Sheikene 6 |
| 13 | Sunlight 15 |
| 14 | Thief Creek 125 |

COLORADO

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| 1 | Big Thompson 4.5 |
| 2 | Estes 45 |
| 3 | Flatiron 71.5 |
| 4 | Green Mountain 21.6 |
| 5 | Merys Lake 8.1 |
| 6 | Polehill 33.25 |

NORTH DAKOTA

| | |
|---|--------------|
| 1 | Garrison 400 |
|---|--------------|

SOUTH DAKOTA

| | |
|---|------------------|
| 1 | Big Bend 468 |
| 2 | Fort Randall 320 |
| 3 | Govins Point 100 |
| 4 | Oahe 595 |

GENERATING PLANTS
EXISTING & UNDER CONSTRUCTION

- BUREAU OF RECLAMATION
- U. S. ARMY ENGINEERS
- PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM*
- OTHER WAPA
- DOUBLE CIRCUIT LINES

POTENTIAL PLANT SITES

- PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM*
- OTHER WAPA
- DOUBLE CIRCUIT LINES

TRANSMISSION LINES

- PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM*
- OTHER WAPA
- DOUBLE CIRCUIT LINES

SCALE OF MILES
0 50 100

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION

Revised May 1978
Revised & Redrawn by E.E.D. Billings, Montana; April 1962 MAP No. X-W-7

OPTION PAPER 1

POST-1985 MARKETING PLAN
EASTERN DIVISION, PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM

SUBJECT: MARKETING AREA - NEW RESOURCES - NEW FACILITIES

DESCRIPTION: FORMAL MARKETING AREA HAS NOT BEEN ESTABLISHED FOR POSSIBLE NEW RESOURCES SUCH AS GREGORY COUNTY PUMPED STORAGE, MANITOBA HYDRO IMPORTS OR OTHER TOTALLY NEW RESOURCES.

OPTIONS:

1. LEAVE MARKETING AREA THE SAME.
2. EXPAND MARKETING AREA.
 - A. CONSIDER SERVICE TO EXPANDED AREA ON A CASE BY CASE BASIS. (RESOURCES AND CUSTOMERS.)
 - B. CONSIDER SERVICE TO EXPANDED AREA FOR ALL RESOURCES AT NEW FACILITIES AND ALL PREFERENCE ENTITIES.
3. REDUCE MARKETING AREA.

RECOMMENDATION: DISCUSS OPTIONS AT MAY MEETINGS.

OPTION PAPER II

POST-1985 MARKETING PLAN
EASTERN DIVISION, PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM

SUBJECT: TIME PERIOD FOR FUTURE COMMITMENTS. (MOST EXISTING COMMITMENTS TERMINATE IN 1985. OTHERS TERMINATE BETWEEN 1985 AND 1990.)

OPTIONS:

1. CONSIDER THE PERIOD 1986-1995.
 - A. ALLOW EXISTING COMMITMENTS TO TERMINATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONTRACT TERMS (1985-1990; MOST IN 1985).
 - B. MAKE NEW COMMITMENTS IN 1980 FOR THE PERIOD 1986-1995 BASED ON FIRM RESOURCES AVAILABLE IN 1985. ALLOW EXISTING COMMITMENTS NOT TERMINATED IN 1985 TO REMAIN IN EFFECT DURING THE 1985-1995 PERIOD UNTIL THEY TERMINATE.
2. EXTEND ALL EXISTING COMMITMENTS THROUGH DECEMBER 1990. CONSIDER THE PERIOD AFTER 1990 LATER.
3. CONSIDER THE PERIOD 1986-2000.
 - A. EXTEND ALL EXISTING COMMITMENTS THROUGH DECEMBER 1990.
 - B. MAKE NEW COMMITMENTS IN 1980/1981 FOR THE PERIOD 1991-2000 BASED ON FIRM RESOURCES AVAILABLE IN 2000.

RECOMMENDATION: DISCUSS OPTIONS AT MAY MEETINGS.

OPTION PAPER III
POST-1985 MARKETING PLAN
EASTERN DIVISION, PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM

SUBJECT: CUSTOMERS -- WHO SHOULD RECEIVE NEW COMMITMENTS FROM EXISTING RESOURCES?

OPTIONS:

1. COMMIT FIRM RESOURCES TO EXISTING CUSTOMERS ONLY IN THE SAME PROPORTION AS PRESENT COMMITMENTS.
2. CONSIDER NEW CUSTOMERS WHO MET THE CRITERIA FOR PREFERENCE ENTITIES AS OF JANUARY 1, 1979.
 - A. SERVE NEW CUSTOMERS WITH ADDITIONAL CAPACITY DEEMED AVAILABLE FROM NEW ADVERSE CRITERIA. NO REDUCTION OF CAPACITY TO EXISTING CUSTOMERS IN EARLY YEARS.
 - B. SERVE NEW CUSTOMERS AT LEVELS OF THE 1964 FIRM POWER ALLOCATION (ESTIMATED TO BE 47-57 MW). WOULD REQUIRE A SLIGHT (1-2 PERCENT) REDUCTION IN COMMITMENTS TO EXISTING CUSTOMERS.
 - C. DEFINITION OF NEW CUSTOMERS.
 - (1) MEET CRITERIA FOR PREFERENCE ENTITIES AS OF JANUARY 1, 1979.
 - (2) LOCATED WITHIN MARKETING AREA DETERMINED UNDER OPTION I.
 - (3) DO NOT RECEIVE FIRM FEDERAL HYDROPOWER AT THIS TIME FOR ANY OF SEVERAL REASONS.

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APRIL 1980
SHEET 2 OF 2

OPTION PAPER III (CONT.)

- (4) ARE NOT MEMBERS OF A PARENT ORGANIZATION WHO HAS A FIRM POWER CONTRACT.
- 3. CONSIDER SMALL ADJUSTMENTS TO COMMITMENTS TO EXISTING CUSTOMERS BECAUSE OF PAST INEQUITIES (2-4.4 MW).

RECOMMENDATIONS: DISCUSS OPTIONS AT MAY MEETINGS.

OPTION PAPER IV

POST-1985 MARKETING PLAN
EASTERN DIVISION, PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM

SUBJECT: MARKETING EXISTING RESOURCES.

OPTIONS:

1. MARKET FIRM POWER WITH ENERGY.
 - A. MARKET AT SYSTEM LOAD FACTOR (PRESENT PRACTICE). PURCHASE ENERGY NOT AVAILABLE FROM HYDRO SYSTEM.
 - B. MARKET AT LOAD FACTOR THE HYDRO SYSTEM WILL SUPPORT UNDER AVERAGE WATER CONDITIONS. (APPROXIMATELY 60 PERCENT MONTHLY LOAD FACTOR.)
 - C. LIMIT LOAD FACTORS TO ENERGY USE THAT WILL ALLOW FOR ASSURED PURCHASES OF ENERGY UNDER AVERAGE WATER CONDITIONS AT OFFPEAK PRICES. HOLD POTENTIAL PURCHASES TO A REASONABLE LEVEL.
 - D. OPTION 1A WILL REQUIRE ADJUSTMENT OF THE TIP-UP PORTION OF THE ENERGY CHARGE UNDER FIRM RATE SCHEDULES. OPTION 1C MIGHT REQUIRE SUCH ADJUSTMENT, DEPENDING ON THE ENERGY USE ALLOWED.
 - E. LIMIT ENERGY USE TO AMOUNTS LESS THAN CAN BE SUPPORTED BY THE HYDRO SYSTEM. USE RESULTANT SURPLUS ENERGY FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN LOAD-FACTOR POWER SUCH AS OPTION 2B AND OPTION 3.

OPTION PAPER IV (CONT.)

2. MARKET FIRM PEAKING POWER.
 - A. PEAKING POWER WITH NO ENERGY.
 - B. PEAKING POWER WITH SMALL AMOUNTS OF ENERGY.
 - C. PEAKING POWER ON STRICT PATTERN.
 - D. PEAKING POWER ON PREDETERMINED SCHEDULE.
 - E. COMBINATIONS.

3. COMBINATIONS OF FIRM AND FIRM PEAKING POWER.

RECOMMENDATION: DISCUSS OPTIONS AT MAY MEETINGS.

OPTION PAPER V

SUBJECT: MARKETING FUTURE RESOURCES.

OPTIONS:

1. MARKET EACH NEW RESOURCE SEPARATELY AS THE PRODUCT AVAILABLE.
2. MARKET NEW RESOURCES AS COMBINED PRODUCTS.
3. MARKET NEW RESOURCES IN COMBINATION WITH EXISTING RESOURCES.

RECOMMENDATION: DISCUSS AT MAY MEETINGS.

COMMITMENTS

A following sheet sets forth the present commitments of the Eastern Division.

There are 147 customers who received a 1977 assignment. At the time of that assignment, commitments to these customers were seasonalized. They total 723 MW in the summer and 663 MW in the winter. There are 83 customers who still have annual contract rates of delivery. These commitments total 967 MW. The contract rate of delivery is available at the time of the customers' system peaks (x/y formula). The commitment in the offpeak season is dependent on customer load patterns which fluctuate. This group of customers include both winter and summer peakers.

At the time of the March 1979 meetings, we stated the seasonalized commitments to these customers with annual contract rates of delivery were 792 MW in the summer and 944 MW in the winter. This was based on 1976 and 1977 patterns. In April 1980, we determined these same commitments total 809 MW in the summer and 929 MW in the winter. The new figures are based on average patterns from 1976 through 1979.

This points up the problem Western has with annual commitments. If they were to continue in the post-1985 period, it would be necessary to reserve a significant amount of capacity to allow for changing seasonal load patterns. Western will seek to establish seasonal commitments for all customers for the period after 1985.

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COMMITMENTS
(TERMINATE 1985-1990)

| <u>COMMERCIAL FIRM</u> | <u>SUMMER</u> (MW) | <u>WINTER</u> (MW) |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ANNUAL COMMITMENTS | - 967 | - |
| ANNUAL COMMITMENTS SEASONALIZED | 809 | 929 |
| 1977 ASSIGNMENT | 723 | 663 |
| SUMMER FIRM | <u>75</u> | <u>-</u> |
| SUBTOTAL, COMMERCIAL FIRM WITH ENERGY | 1,607 | 1,592 |
| PEAKING (WITHOUT ENERGY) | <u>375</u> | <u>375</u> |
| SUBTOTAL, COMMERCIAL FIRM | 1,982 | 1,967 |
| <u>SPECIAL</u> | | |
| PROJECT PUMPING ^{1/} | 109 | - |
| INTERDEPARTMENTAL | <u>-</u> | <u>1</u> |
| SUBTOTAL | 109 | 1 |
| <u>TOTAL</u> | 2,091 | 1,968 |

APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF PREFERENCE CUSTOMERS = 230

^{1/} INCLUDED RESERVATIONS FOR FUTURE PROJECT PUMPING
EXPECTED TO BE ON LINE BY 1985.

FIGURE 2

CANYON FERRY DAM

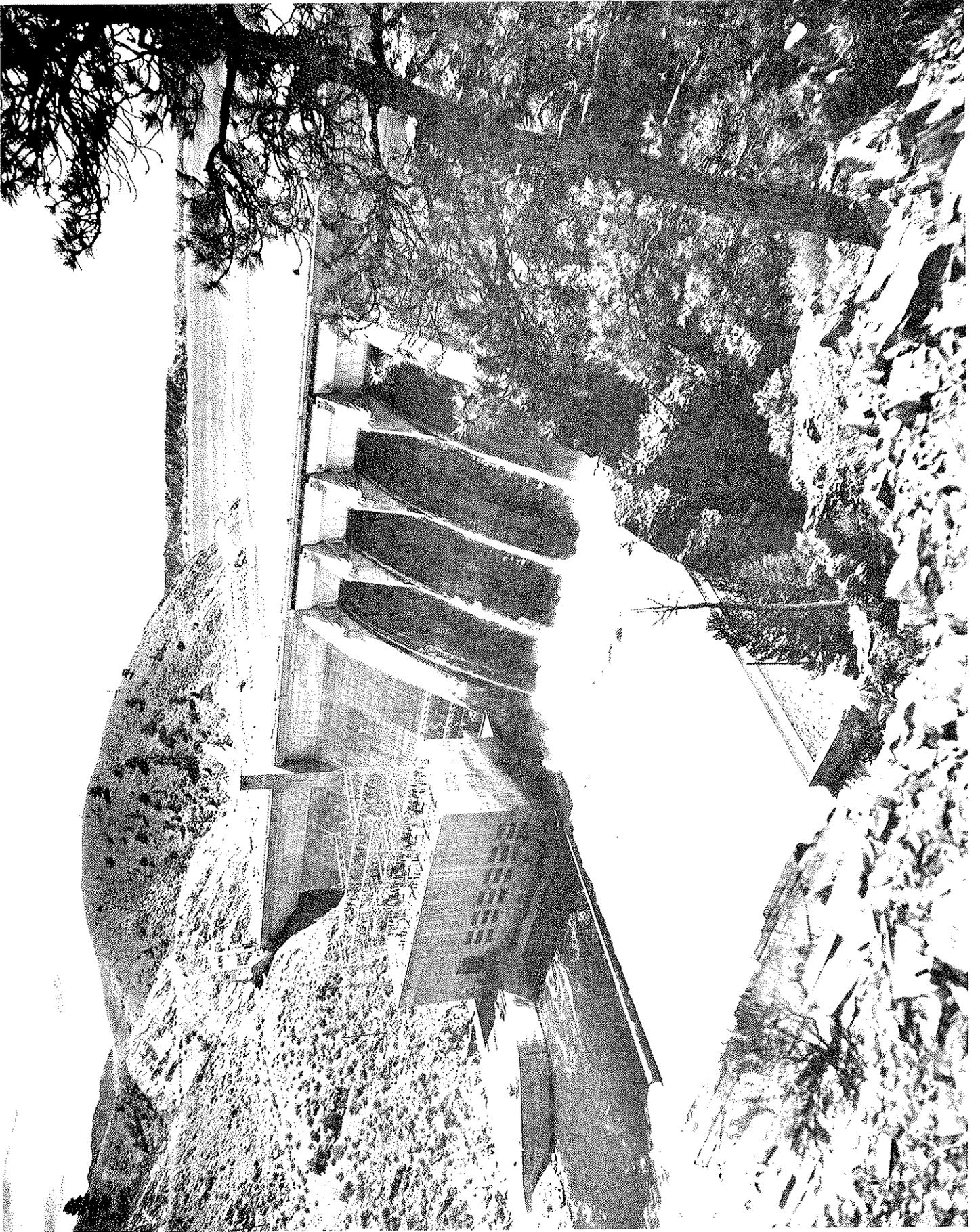
LOCATION : Near Helena, Montana, on the Missouri River

OWNERSHIP : Water and Power Resources Service

INSTALLED CAPACITY: Unit #1 - 16,667 KW
Unit #2 - 16,667 KW
Unit #3 - 16,667 KW

TOTAL INSTALLED
CAPACITY : 50,000 KW

DATE OF INITIAL
GENERATION : December 1953



RESOURCES

Existing hydro resources include 8 Federal dams and powerplants on the Missouri River and the Big Horn River. These resources are described in considerable detail in the following section.

The Missouri River has an erratic flow. Inflow above Sioux City has varied from a low of 10.6 million acre-feet (MAF) in 1931 to a high of 40.6 MAF in 1978. The average flow for an 82-year period is 24.9 MAF.

Besides the varying water supply which is an unpredictable factor determined by nature, the Missouri River is subject to increasing depletions as water is taken from the river for municipal water supplies, irrigation and industrial development.

In 1979, the Upper Missouri Region of the Water and Power Resources Service (Service) completed a survey of actual 1975 depletions. At the request of Western, the Service also provided a study of depletions for the periods 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, and 2000. The study was based on current estimates of irrigation development and municipal and industrial use. A moderate amount of industrial use was forecast, and it does not include water that would be used for a large number of synfuel developments.

These new depletion levels were furnished to the Reservoir Control Center, Missouri River Division, U. S. Corps of Engineers (Corps) in December 1979. The Corps conducted a main-stem reservoir regulation study which considered depletion levels in 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995 and 2000. A computer study, observing all project functions, determined generation for all months during the 82-year period from 1898-1979. Basic studies were completed in March 1980 and additional probability data were furnished in April 1980.

The Service provided new generation data for Canyon Ferry and Yellowtail Powerplants in May 1980.

The most pertinent results of the new generation studies are set forth on following sheets.

In 1953, prior to generation at most powerplants on the Missouri, the Missouri Basin Inter-Agency Committee studied the water supply of the Missouri River. It came to the conclusion that the 12-year drought of the 1930's (1930-1941) was an extremely rare occurrence. It had not been experienced before in recorded history of the Missouri Basin. It has not been experienced since. A statistical analysis of 75 years of precipitation records indicated the chances of recurrence of the 1930-1940 period was about one (1) chance in 3300. The committee advised that most of this period be left out of hydrological data in determining saleable hydropower. Although we are unable to determine a precise probability figure, Western concurs that recurrence of the extremely severe conditions of the 1930s drought is sufficiently remote to allow marketing of hydropower under expected better water conditions.

Prior commitments of firm capability were based on capability available in 1933, the fourth year of the 1930s drought. If one considers the whole period of record, including the whole 1930's drought, this condition could be expected to occur about 10 percent of the time (1 chance in 10). If the period 1934-1942 is eliminated from the record of flows, this water condition or better would be experienced 100 percent of the time.

In 1977, assignments of Additional Firm Power were based on the fifth and sixth year of a lower decile sequence included in the 1976-77 Annual Operating Plan (AOP). Main Stem capability used was 2057 MW in August and 1965 MW in December. These are the critical summer and winter months.

In this May 1980 report, we are suggesting the use of 1961 water conditions for determining adverse-year (firm) capability for post-1985 marketing. This is the eighth year of an 8-year drought period of the 1950s. If the whole period of record is considered, this has a probability of recurrence of about 15% of the time or about 1 chance in 7. If the period 1934-1942 is deleted from the record, the probability of recurrence of 1961 conditions is about 4.1 percent or 1 chance in 25.

The difference in capability between 1961 and 1933 water conditions varies from 62-119 MW, depending on the level of depletions and the time of the year. In other words, if commitments are made based on 1961 conditions and 1933 conditions are experienced in the marketing period, the system could be short about 100 MW.

EXISTING RESOURCES
 (INSTALLED CAPACITY IN MW)

| <u>WAPRS PLANTS</u> | <u>PLANT NAME</u> | <u>NO. OF UNITS</u> | <u>INSTALLED CAPACITY</u> |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| | CANYON FERRY | 3 | 50 |
| | YELLOWTAIL | <u>4</u> | <u>250</u> |
| SUBTOTAL WAPRS | | 7 | 300 |
| | | | |
| <u>USCE PLANTS</u> | | | |
| | FORT PECK | 5 | 185 |
| | GARRISON | 5 | 430 |
| | OAHE | 7 | 595 |
| | BIG BEND | 8 | 468 |
| | FORT RANDALL | 8 | 320 |
| | GAVINS POINT | <u>3</u> | <u>100</u> |
| SUBTOTAL USCE | | 36 | 2098 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL, EASTERN DIVISION | | 43 | 2398 |

FIGURE 3

FORT PECK DAM

LOCATION : Near Fort Peck, Montana, on the Missouri River

OWNERSHIP : United States Corps of Engineers

INSTALLED CAPACITY: Unit #1 - 43,500 KW
 Unit #2 - 18,000 KW
 Unit #3 - 43,500 KW
 Unit #4 - 40,000 KW
 Unit #5 - 40,000 KW

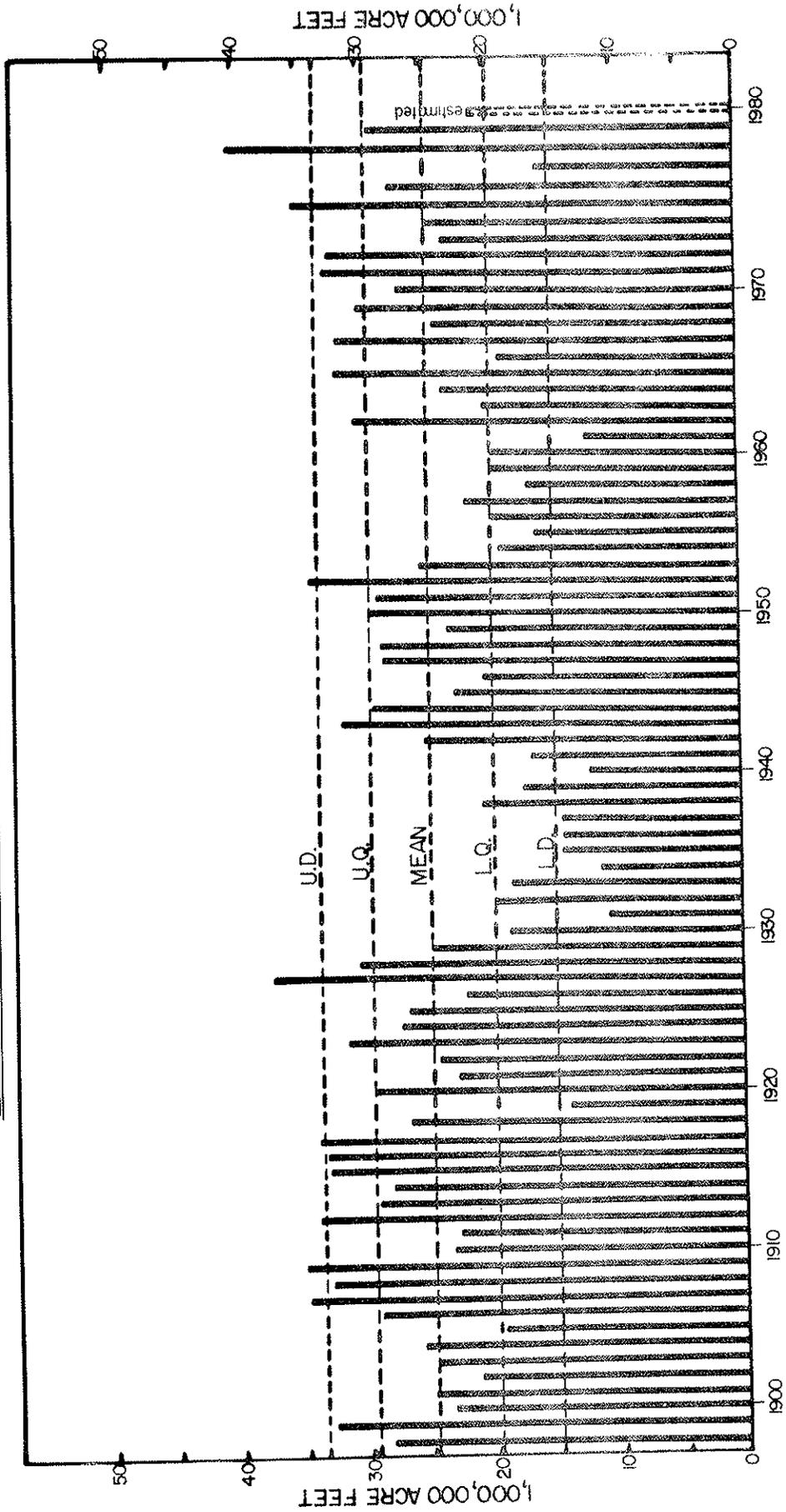
TOTAL INSTALLED
CAPACITY : 185,000 KW

DATE OF INITIAL
GENERATION : July 1943



APRIL, 1980

ANNUAL WATER SUPPLY MISSOURI RIVER AT SIOUX CITY



FROM U.S. CORPS OF ENGINEERS — MISSOURI RIVER DIVISION

SUMMARY

HISTORICAL WATER SUPPLY
MISSOURI RIVER AT SIOUX CITY*

1898-1979 IN MILLIONS OF ACRE FEET (MAF)

| | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|------|
| HIGHEST FLOW OF RECORD | 40.6 MAF | 1978 |
| SECOND HIGHEST FLOW OF RECORD | 37.0 MAF | 1927 |
| THIRD HIGHEST FLOW OF RECORD | 35.4 MAF | 1975 |
| MEAN FLOW FOR PERIOD | 24.9 MAF | -- |
| LOWEST FLOW OF RECORD | 10.6 MAF | 1931 |
| SECOND LOWEST FLOW OF RECORD | 11.1 MAF | 1934 |
| THIRD LOWEST FLOW OF RECORD | 12.0 MAF | 1940 |
| FOURTH LOWEST FLOW OF RECORD | 12.5 MAF | 1961 |

| <u>WATER CONDITIONS</u> | <u>DEFINITION</u> | <u>WATER SUPPLY</u> |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| UPPER DECILE | 1 CHANCE IN 10 TO BE EQUAL OR HIGHER | 33.2 MAF |
| UPPER QUARTILE | 1 CHANCE IN 4 TO BE EQUAL OR HIGHER | 29.8 MAF |
| MEAN | AVERAGE | 24.9 MAF |
| LOWER QUARTILE | 1 CHANCE IN 4 TO BE EQUAL OR LOWER | 19.9 MAF |
| LOWER DECILE | 1 CHANCE IN 10 TO BE EQUAL OR LOWER | 15.0 MAF |

DISTRIBUTION OF WATER CONDITIONS

| <u>WATER CONDITIONS</u> | <u>NO. OF YEARS EXPERIENCED</u> | <u>PERCENT OF TIME</u> |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| UPPER DECILE OR BETTER | 8 | 9.8 |
| UPPER QUARTILE TO UPPER DECILE | 13 | 15.9 |
| MEAN TO UPPER QUARTILE | 20 | 24.4 |
| MEAN TO LOWER QUARTILE | 20 | 24.4 |
| LOWER QUARTILE TO LOWER DECILE | 13 | 15.9 |
| LOWER DECILE OR WORSE | <u>8</u> <u>1/</u> | <u>9.8</u> |
| TOTAL | 82 | 100.2 |

*ADJUSTED TO 1949 LEVEL OF DEVELOPMENT -- FROM MISSOURI RIVER DIVISION -
U. S. CORPS OF ENGINEERS

1/ SIX YEARS IN THE 1930'S DROUGHT

FIGURE 4

GARRISON DAM

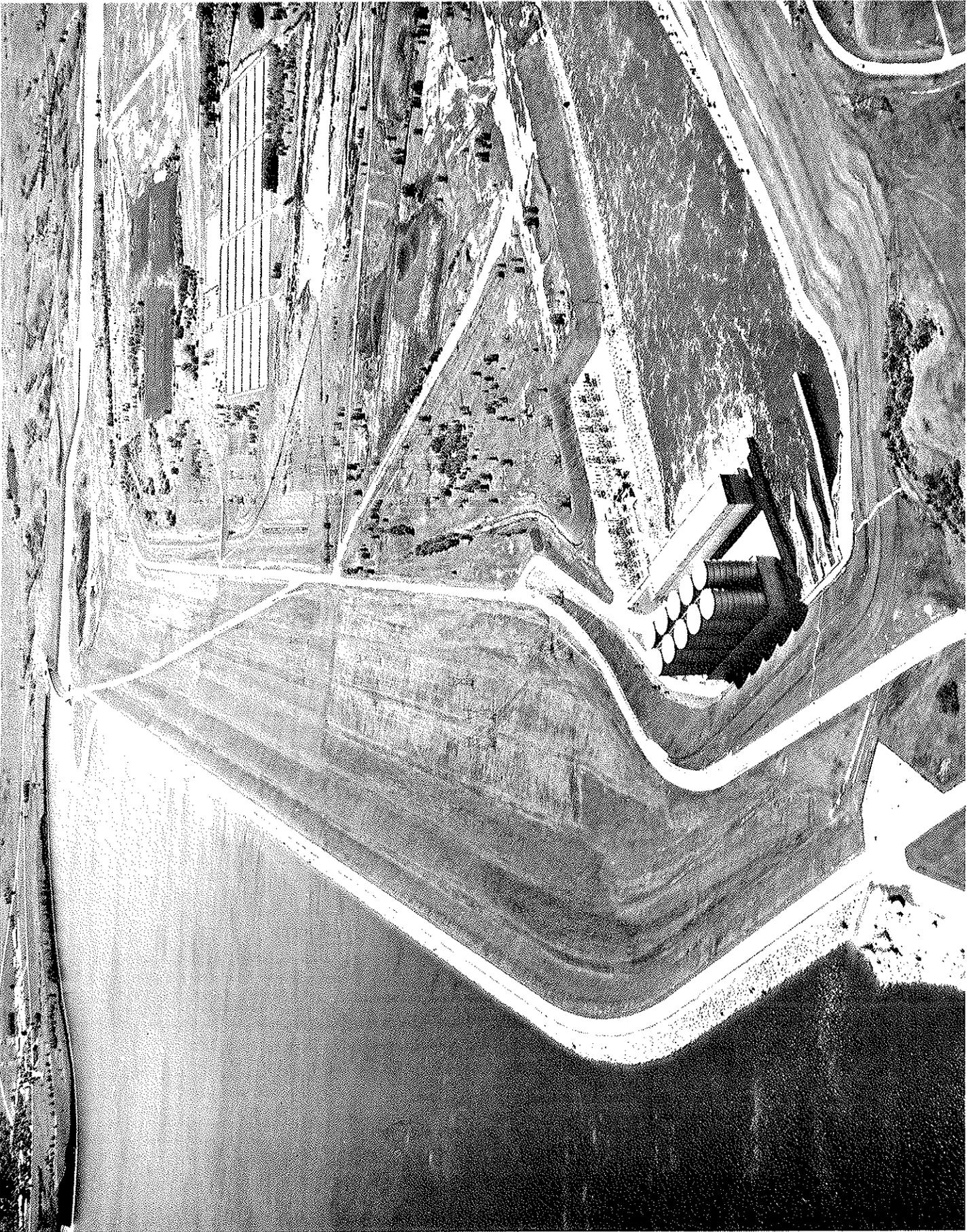
LOCATION : Near Riverdale, North Dakota, on the Missouri River

OWNERSHIP : United States Corps of Engineers

INSTALLED CAPACITY: Unit #1 - 80,000 KW
Unit #2 - 80,000 KW
Unit #3 - 80,000 KW
Unit #4 - 95,000 KW
Unit #5 - 95,000 KW

TOTAL INSTALLED
CAPACITY : 430,000 KW

DATE OF INITIAL
GENERATION : January 1956



SUMMARY
MAIN STEM PEAKING CAPABILITY
 (MEGAWATTS)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>MONTH</u> | <u>1937</u> | <u>1933</u> | <u>1961</u> | <u>1959</u> |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1975 | AUG. | 1597 | 2022 | 2123 | 2173 |
| | DEC. | 1602 | 1940 | 2052 | 2135 |
| 1980 | AUG. | 1540 | 2002 | 2101 | 2145 |
| | DEC. | 1597 | 1929 | 2026 | 2110 |
| 1985 | AUG. | 1539 | 1979 | 2077 | 2138 |
| | DEC. | 1616 | 1912 | 1998 | 2096 |
| 1990 | AUG. | 1535 | 1951 | 2070 | 2115 |
| | DEC. | 1611 | 1924 | 2011 | 2070 |
| 1995 | AUG. | 1576 | 1919 | 2034 | 2089 |
| | DEC. | 1655 | 1920 | 2003 | 2043 |
| 2000 | AUG. | 1704 | 1876 | 1959 | 2045 |
| | DEC. | 1739 | 1922 | 1984 | 1995 |

1937 WAS LOWEST YEAR OF RECORD.
 1933 WAS FOURTH YEAR OF 12-YEAR DROUGHT OF 1930'S.
 1961 WAS LOWEST YEAR OF 8-YEAR DROUGHT OF 1950'S.
 1933 HAS 1 CHANCE IN 10 OF RECURRING, CONSIDERING
 THE 82 YEARS OF RECORD.

WAPA
BAO
APRIL 1980

SUMMARY
MAIN STEM ANNUAL GENERATION
(MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION</u> <u>LEVEL</u> | <u>AVG. ANNUAL</u> <u>GENERATION</u> 1898-1979 | <u>APPROX. MEDIAN</u> <u>ANNUAL GENERATION</u> 1898-1979 | <u>1/</u> <u>AVG. ANNUAL</u> <u>GENERATION</u> 1898-1933, 1943-1979 |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | 1975 |
| 1980 | 9772 | 9,930 | 10,333 |
| 1985 | 9632 | 9,840 | 10,194 |
| 1990 | 9447 | 9,580 | 10,008 |
| 1995 | 9166 | 9,396 | 9,734 |
| 2000 | 8880 | 9,190 | 9,436 |

1/ EXCLUDES 1934-1942

WAPA
 BAO
 APRIL 1980
 SHEET 1 OF 2

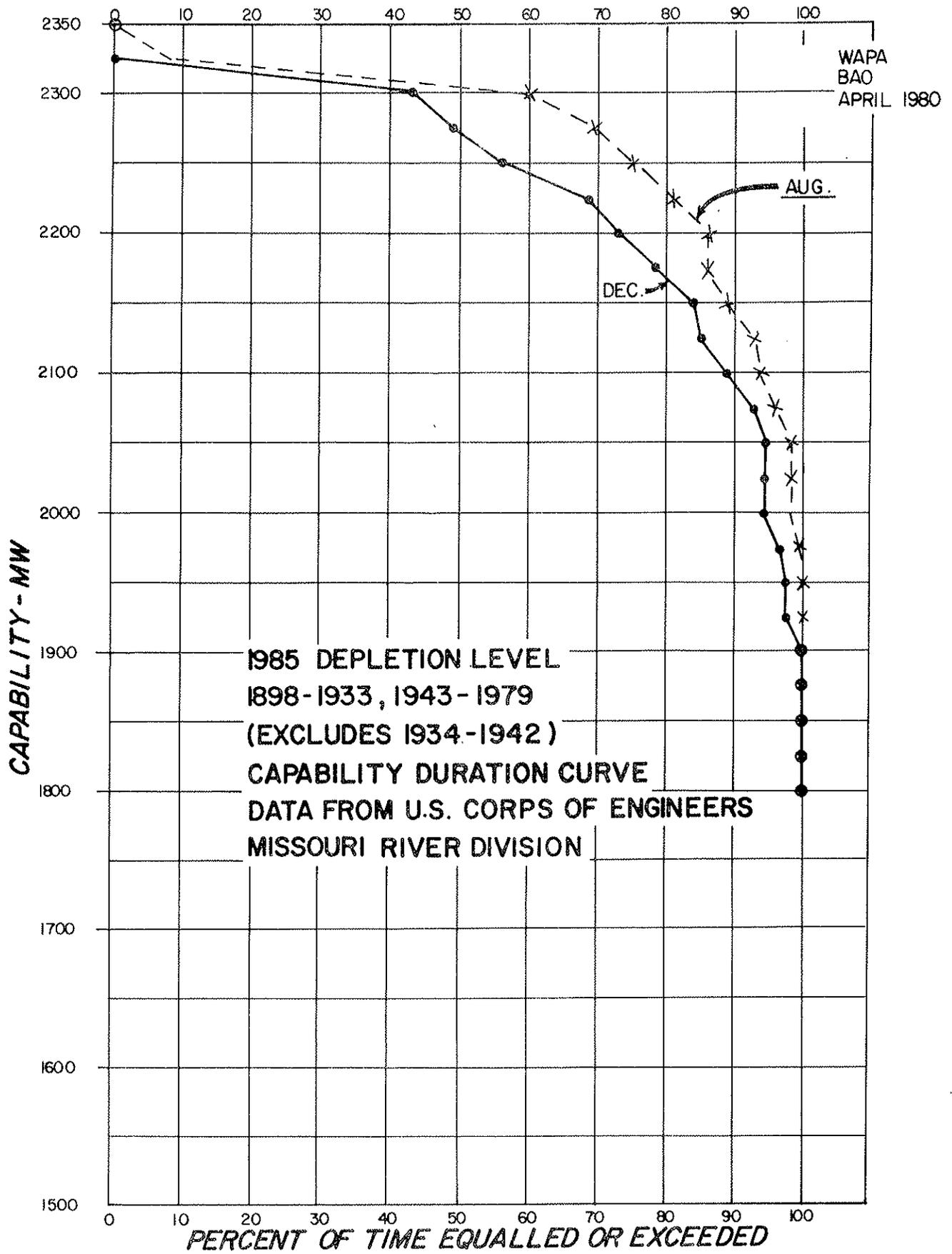
MAIN STEM
PEAKING CAPABILITY

1898-1933, 1943-1979 (Excludes 1934-1942)

1985 DEPLETION LEVEL

| <u>YEAR</u> | <u>AUG.</u> <u>(MW)</u> | <u>DEC.</u> <u>(MW)</u> | <u>FOLLOWING</u> <u>JANUARY</u> <u>(MW)</u> | <u>PERCENT OF TIME</u> ^{1/} <u>EQUALLED OR EXCEEDED</u> <u>(%)</u> |
|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| <u>1933</u> | <u>1979</u> | <u>1912</u> | <u>1929</u> | <u>100.0</u> |
| <u>1931</u> | <u>2057</u> | <u>1967</u> | <u>1988</u> | <u>98.6</u> |
| <u>1932</u> | <u>2074</u> | <u>1978</u> | <u>1993</u> | <u>97.3</u> |
| <u>1961</u> | <u>2077</u> | <u>1998</u> | <u>2024</u> | <u>95.9</u> |
| <u>1956</u> | <u>2110</u> | <u>2054</u> | <u>2067</u> | <u>94.5</u> |
| <u>1958</u> | <u>2133</u> | <u>2075</u> | <u>2089</u> | <u>93.2</u> |
| <u>1957</u> | <u>2143</u> | <u>2095</u> | <u>2104</u> | <u>91.8</u> |
| <u>1959</u> | <u>2138</u> | <u>2096</u> | <u>2105</u> | <u>90.4</u> |
| <u>1955</u> | <u>2164</u> | <u>2101</u> | <u>2112</u> | <u>89.0</u> |

1/ Percents Based on Capabilities in December.



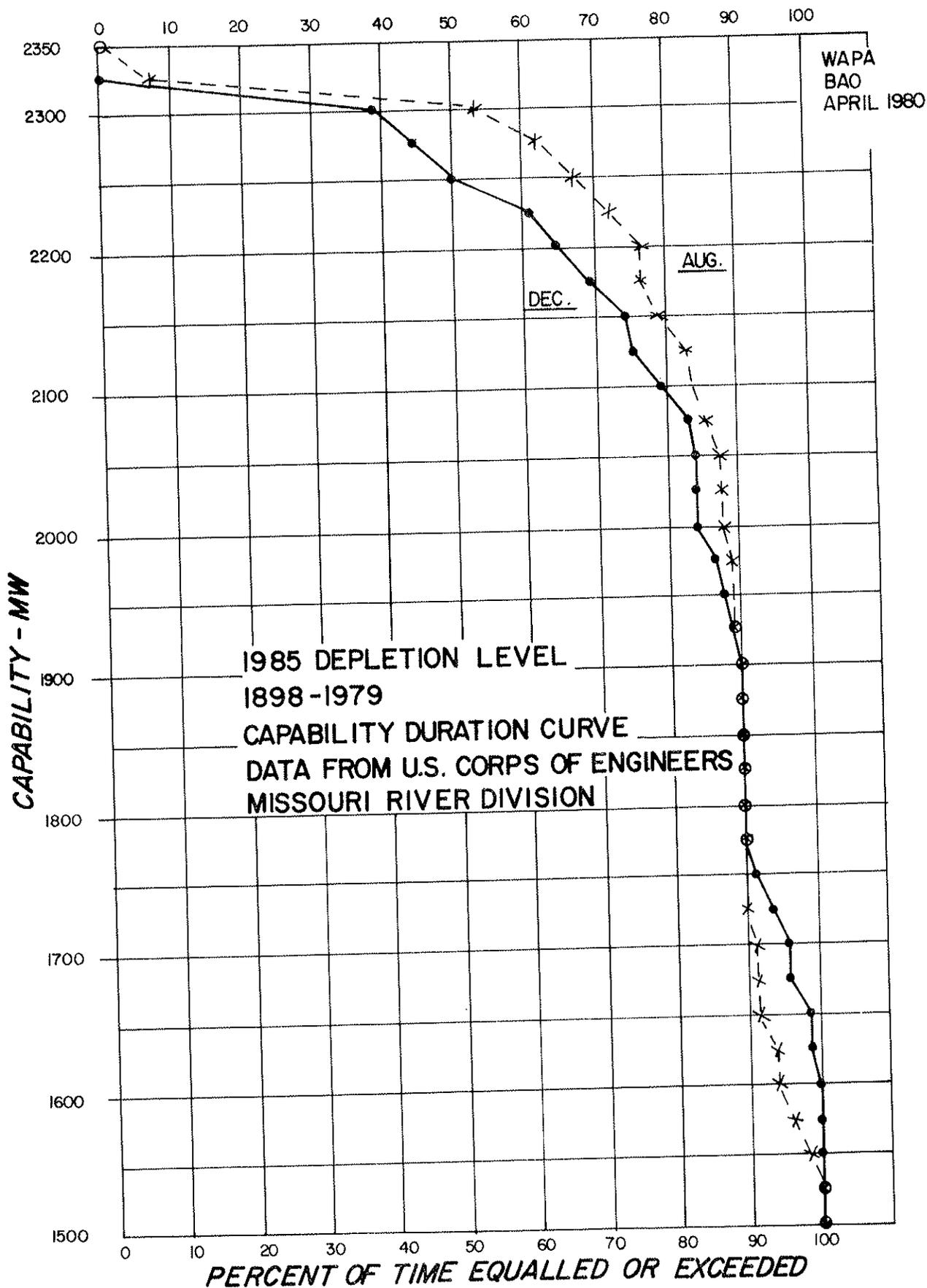
MAIN STEM
PEAKING CAPABILITY

1898-1979 (82 Years)

1985 DEPLETION LEVEL

| <u>YEAR</u> | <u>AUG.</u> <u>(MW)</u> | <u>DEC.</u> <u>(MW)</u> | <u>FOLLOWING</u> <u>JANUARY</u> <u>(MW)</u> | <u>PERCENT OF TIME 1/</u> <u>EQUALLED OR EXCEEDED</u> <u>(%)</u> |
|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| 1937 | 1539 | 1616 | 1616 | 100.0 |
| 1936 | 1577 | 1653 | 1651 | 98.8 |
| 1940 | 1567 | 1662 | 1664 | 97.6 |
| 1938 | 1616 | 1708 | 1716 | 96.3 |
| 1935 | 1643 | 1720 | 1720 | 95.1 |
| 1941 | 1562 | 1725 | 1724 | 93.9 |
| 1934 | 1709 | 1742 | 1743 | 92.7 |
| 1939 | 1646 | 1752 | 1755 | 91.5 |
| 1933 | 1979 | 1912 | 1929 | 90.2 |
| 1942 | 1919 | 1947 | 1958 | 89.0 |
| 1931 | 2057 | 1967 | 1988 | 87.8 |
| 1932 | 2074 | 1978 | 1993 | 86.6 |
| 1961 | 2077 | 1998 | 2024 | 85.4 |
| 1956 | 2110 | 2054 | 2067 | 84.1 |
| 1958 | 2133 | 2075 | 2089 | 82.9 |
| 1957 | 2143 | 2095 | 2104 | 81.7 |
| 1959 | 2138 | 2096 | 2105 | 80.5 |
| 1955 | 2164 | 2101 | 2112 | 79.3 |

1/ Percents Based on Capabilities in December.



MAIN STEM
AVERAGE ANNUAL ENERGY GENERATION
(MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>TOTAL PERIOD</u> (1898-1979) | <u>EXCLUDING 1934-1942</u> (1898-1933, 1943-1979) | <u>DIFFERENCE</u> (Col 3-Col 2) | <u>PERCENT INCREASE</u> (%) |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1975 | 9860 | 10,408 | 548 | 5.6 |
| 1980 | 9772 | 10,333 | 561 | 5.7 |
| 1985 | 9632 | 10,194 | 562 | 5.8 |
| 1990 | 9447 | 10,008 | 561 | 5.9 |
| 1995 | 9166 | 9,734 | 568 | 6.2 |
| 2000 | 8880 | 9,436 | 556 | 6.3 |

1. Total Period Includes the 1930s Drought
2. Next Column Excludes 9 Years of the 1930s Drought
3. Differences Range from 548 to 568 GWH, or About 6 Percent.

WAPA
BAO
APRIL 1980

MAIN STEM
AVERAGE SUMMER ENERGY GENERATION
JUNE-SEPTEMBER
(MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>1898-1979</u> | <u>1898-1933, 1943-1979^{1/}</u> | <u>DIFFERENCE</u> | <u>PERCENT INCREASE</u> |
|------------------------|------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1975 | 3699.5 | 3889.8 | 190.3 | 5.1 |
| 1980 | 3670.4 | 3868.3 | 197.9 | 5.4 |
| 1985 | 3599.9 | 3808.4 | 208.5 | 5.8 |
| 1990 | 3525.4 | 3732.4 | 207.0 | 5.9 |
| 1995 | 3433.8 | 3655.7 | 221.9 | 6.5 |
| 2000 | 3316.0 | 3532.1 | 216.1 | 6.5 |

1/ EXCLUDES 1934-1942

WAPA
BAO
APRIL 1980

MAIN STEM
AVERAGE WINTER ENERGY GENERATION
DECEMBER-FEBRUARY
(MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>1898-1979</u> | <u>1898-1933, 1943-1979^{1/}</u> | <u>DIFFERENCE</u> | <u>PERCENT INCREASE</u> |
|------------------------|------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1975 | 2188.3 | 2345.4 | 157.1 | 7.2 |
| 1980 | 2149.5 | 2308.1 | 158.6 | 7.4 |
| 1985 | 2119.6 | 2266.3 | 146.7 | 6.9 |
| 1990 | 2068.3 | 2211.2 | 142.9 | 6.9 |
| 1995 | 1977.3 | 2174.8 | 197.5 | 7.0 |
| 2000 | 1912.0 | 2044.2 | 132.2 | 6.9 |

1/ EXCLUDES 1934-1942

MAIN STEM
AVERAGE AUGUST ENERGY GENERATION
 (MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>1898-1979</u> | <u>1898-1933, 1943-1979</u> ^{1/} | <u>DIFFERENCE</u> | <u>PERCENT INCREASE</u> |
|------------------------|------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1975 | 1012.3 | 1069.8 | 57.5 | 5.7 |
| 1980 | 1012.6 | 1068.6 | 56.0 | 5.5 |
| 1985 | 1005.4 | 1065.5 | 60.1 | 6.0 |
| 1990 | 979.5 | 1046.3 | 66.8 | 6.8 |
| 1995 | 931.8 | 1009.7 | 77.9 | 8.4 |
| 2000 | 897.2 | 973.7 | 76.5 | 8.5 |

^{1/} EXCLUDES 1934-1942

WAPA
BAO
APRIL 1980

MAIN STEM
AVERAGE DECEMBER ENERGY GENERATION
(MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>1898-1979</u> | <u>1898-1933, 1943-1979^{1/}</u> | <u>DIFFERENCE</u> | <u>PERCENT INCREASE</u> |
|------------------------|------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1975 | 814.9 | 866.8 | 51.9 | 6.4 |
| 1980 | 799.6 | 853.0 | 53.4 | 6.7 |
| 1985 | 788.4 | 834.8 | 46.4 | 5.9 |
| 1990 | 768.3 | 814.2 | 45.9 | 6.0 |
| 1995 | 729.3 | 774.2 | 44.9 | 6.2 |
| 2000 | 705.6 | 749.3 | 43.7 | 6.2 |

1/ EXCLUDES 1934-1942

FIGURE 5

OAHE DAM

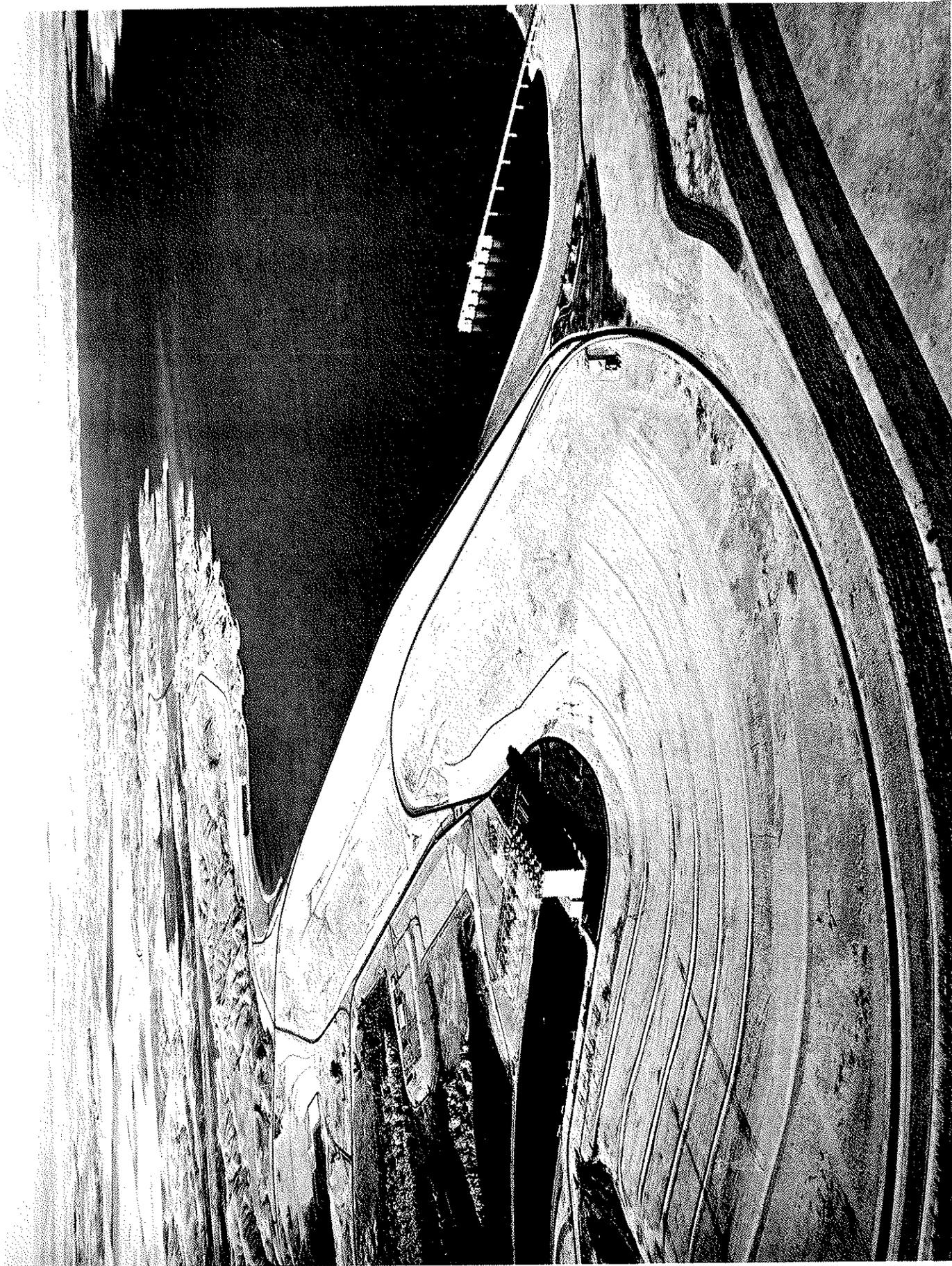
LOCATION : Near Pierre, South Dakota, on the Missouri River

OWNERSHIP : United States Corps of Engineers

INSTALLED CAPACITY: Unit #1 - 85,000 KW
Unit #2 - 85,000 KW
Unit #3 - 85,000 KW
Unit #4 - 85,000 KW
Unit #5 - 85,000 KW
Unit #6 - 85,000 KW
Unit #7 - 85,000 KW

TOTAL INSTALLED
CAPACITY : 595,000 KW

DATE OF INITIAL
GENERATION : April 1962



SUMMARY - FOURTH YEAR OF
LOWER DECILE SEQUENCES
 (From Main Stem Annual Operating Plans)

| | <u>AUGUST CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>DECEMBER CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>JANUARY CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>STORAGE AT START OF AOP</u> (MAF) | <u>ESTIMATED INFLOW DURING YEAR</u> (MAF) |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| 1975-76 AOP (3/79 - 2/80) | 2097 | 1993 | 2013 | 71.9 | 18.0 |
| 1976-77 AOP (3/80 - 2/81) | 2103 | 1990 | 2022 | 65.8 | 18.0 |
| 1977-78 AOP (3/81 - 2/82) | 2062 | 1949 | 1986 | 57.1 | 18.0 |
| 1978-79 AOP (3/82 - 2/83) | 2148 | 2023 | 2066 | 69.1 | 18.0 |
| 1979-80 AOP (3/83 - 2/84) | 2164 | 2042 | 2079 | 66.9 | 18.0 |
| HIGH YEAR | 2164 | 2042 | 2079 | 66.9 | 18.0 |
| LOW YEAR | 2062 | 1949 | 1986 | 57.1 | 18.0 |
| DIFFERENCE | 102 | 93 | 93 | 9.8 | -- |
| USED IN 1977 COMMITMENTS | 2057 | 1965 | | - | - |
| 1933 WATER CONDITIONS <u>1/</u> | 1979 | 1912 | 1929(1934) | | |

1/ USING 1985 ESTIMATED DEPLETIONS FROM DECEMBER 1979 STUDIES

SUMMARY - FIFTH YEAR OF
LOWER DECILE SEQUENCES
 (From Main Stem Annual Operating Plans)

| | <u>AUGUST</u> <u>CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>DECEMBER</u> <u>CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>JANUARY</u> <u>CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>STORAGE AT</u> <u>START OF</u> <u>AOP</u> (MAF) | <u>ESTIMATED</u> <u>INFLOW DURING</u> <u>YEAR</u> (MAF) |
|------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| 1975-76 AOP (3/80 - 2/81) | 2078 | 1965 | 1994 | 71.9 | 18.0 |
| 1976-77 AOP (3/81 - 2/82) | 2077 | 1959 | 1994 | 65.8 | 18.0 |
| 1977-78 AOP (3/82 - 2/83) | 2044 | 1929 | 1965 | 57.1 | 18.0 |
| 1978-79 AOP (3/83 - 2/84) | 2129 | 1997 | 2045 | 69.1 | 18.0 |
| 1979-80 AOP (3/84 - 2/85) | 2149 | 2019 | 2062 | 66.9 | 18.0 |
| HIGH YEAR | 2149 | 2019 | 2062 | 66.9 | 18.0 |
| LOW YEAR | 2044 | 1929 | 1965 | 57.1 | 18.0 |
| DIFFERENCE | <u>105</u> | <u>90</u> | <u>97</u> | <u>9.8</u> | -- |
| USED IN 1977 COMMITMENTS | 2057 | 1965 | -- | -- | -- |
| 1933 WATER CONDITIONS <u>1/</u> | 1979 | 1912 | 1929(1934) | -- | -- |

1/ USING 1985 ESTIMATED DEPLETIONS FROM DECEMBER 1979 STUDIES

SUMMARY - SIXTH YEAR OF
 LOWER DECILE SEQUENCES

(From Main Stem Annual Operating Plans)

| | <u>AUGUST CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>DECEMBER CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>JANUARY CAPACITY</u> (MW) | <u>STORAGE AT START OF AOP</u> (MAF) | <u>ESTIMATED INFLOW DURING YEAR</u> (MAF) |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| 1975-76 AOP (3/81 - 2/82) | 2057 | 1943 | 1974 | 71.9 | 18.0 |
| 1976-77 AOP (3/82 - 2/83) | 2051 | 1933 | 1967 | 65.8 | 18.0 |
| 1977-78 AOP (3/83 - 2/84) | 2025 | 1908 | 1945 | 57.1 | 18.0 |
| 1978-79 AOP (3/84 - 2/85) | 2109 | 1978 | 2024 | 69.1 | 18.0 |
| 1979-80 AOP (3/85 - 2/86) | 2131 | 1997 | 2044 | 66.9 | 18.0 |
| HIGH YEAR | 2131 | 1997 | 2044 | 66.9 | 18.0 |
| LOW YEAR | 2025 | 1908 | 1945 | 57.1 | 18.0 |
| DIFFERENCE | <u>106</u> | <u>89</u> | <u>99</u> | <u>9.8</u> | <u>--</u> |
| USED IN 1977 COMMITMENTS | 2057 | 1965 | -- | -- | -- |
| 1933 WATER CONDITIONS <u>1/</u> | 1979 | 1912 | 1929(1934) | -- | -- |

1/ USING 1985 ESTIMATED DEPLETIONS FROM DECEMBER 1979 STUDIES

FIGURE 6

BIG BEND DAM

LOCATION : Near Fort Thompson, South Dakota, on the Missouri River

OWNESHIP : United States Corps of Engineers

INSTALLED CAPACITY: Unit #1 - 58,500 KW
Unit #2 - 58,500 KW
Unit #3 - 58,500 KW
Unit #4 - 58,500 KW
Unit #5 - 58,500 KW
Unit #6 - 58,500 KW
Unit #7 - 58,500 KW
Unit #8 - 58,500 KW

TOTAL INSTALLED
CAPACITY : 468,000 KW

DATE OF INITIAL
GENERATION : October 1964



SUMMARY
CANYON FERRY AND YELLOWTAIL CAPABILITY
 (MEGAWATTS - LOWER DECILE CONDITIONS)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>AUGUST</u> | <u>DECEMBER</u> |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| 1980 CANYON FERRY YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> TOTAL | 58 58 <u>278</u> 139 336 197 | 58 58 <u>274</u> 137 332 195 |
| 1985 CANYON FERRY YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> TOTAL | 58 58 <u>271</u> 135.5 329 193.5 | 58 <u>274</u> 332 195 |
| 1990 CANYON FERRY YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> TOTAL | 58 58 <u>270</u> 135 328 193 | 58 <u>274</u> 332 195 |
| 1995 CANYON FERRY YELLOWTAIL TOTAL | 58 58 <u>269</u> 134.5 327 192.5 | 58 <u>274</u> 332 195 |
| 2000 CANYON FERRY YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> TOTAL | 58 58 <u>268</u> 134 326 192 | 58 <u>274</u> 332 195 |

1/ TOTAL YELLOWTAIL - ONLY 1/2 OF YELLOWTAIL WILL BE MARKETED BY THE EASTERN DIVISION.

WAPA
BAO
APRIL 1980
SHEET 1

SUMMARY
CANYON FERRY AND YELLOWTAIL ANNUAL GENERATION
(MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>MEDIAN ANNUAL GENERATION</u> |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1980 CANYON FERRY | 445 |
| YELLOWTAIL ^{1/} | <u>1061</u> |
| TOTAL | 1506 |
| 1985 CANYON FERRY | 435 |
| YELLOWTAIL ^{1/} | <u>921</u> |
| TOTAL | 1356 |
| 1990 CANYON FERRY | 435 |
| YELLOWTAIL ^{1/} | <u>906</u> |
| | 1341 |
| 1995 CANYON FERRY | 435 |
| YELLOWTAIL ^{1/} | <u>890</u> |
| | 1325 |
| 2000 CANYON FERRY | 435 |
| YELLOWTAIL ^{1/} | <u>874</u> |
| | 1309 |

^{1/} TOTAL YELLOWTAIL -- ONLY 1/2 OF YELLOWTAIL WILL BE
MARKETED BY THE EASTERN DIVISION

CANYON FERRY AND YELLOWTAIL GENERATION
 (MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>MEDIAN-YEAR WATER CONDITIONS</u> | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | <u>SUMMER</u> (JUNE-SEPT) | <u>WINTER</u> (DEC-FEB) | <u>AUGUST</u> | <u>DECEMBER</u> |
| 1980 | | | | |
| CANYON FERRY | 151.9 | 109.6 | 36.8 | 34.9 |
| YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> | 383.5 | 268.4 | 82.8 | 91.2 |
| TOTAL | <u>535.4</u> | <u>378.0</u> | <u>119.6</u> | <u>126.1</u> |
| 1985 | | | | |
| CANYON FERRY | 163.2 | 100.9 | 40.3 | 32.4 |
| YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> | 282.1 | 266.0 | 64.6 | 90.3 |
| TOTAL | <u>445.3</u> | <u>366.9</u> | <u>104.9</u> | <u>122.7</u> |
| 1990 | | | | |
| CANYON FERRY | 163.2 | 100.9 | 40.3 | 32.4 |
| YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> | 274.4 | 264.0 | 63.0 | 89.6 |
| TOTAL | <u>437.6</u> | <u>364.9</u> | <u>103.3</u> | <u>122.0</u> |
| 1995 | | | | |
| CANYON FERRY | 163.2 | 100.9 | 40.3 | 32.4 |
| YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> | 266.6 | 262.0 | 61.3 | 89.0 |
| TOTAL | <u>429.8</u> | <u>362.9</u> | <u>101.6</u> | <u>121.4</u> |
| 2000 | | | | |
| CANYON FERRY | 163.2 | 100.9 | 40.3 | 32.4 |
| YELLOWTAIL <u>1/</u> | 258.7 | 260.0 | 59.7 | 88.3 |
| TOTAL | <u>421.9</u> | <u>360.9</u> | <u>100.0</u> | <u>120.7</u> |

1/ TOTAL YELLOWTAIL - ONLY 1/2 OF YELLOWTAIL WILL BE MARKETED BY THE EASTERN DIVISION.

FIGURE 7

FORT RANDALL DAM

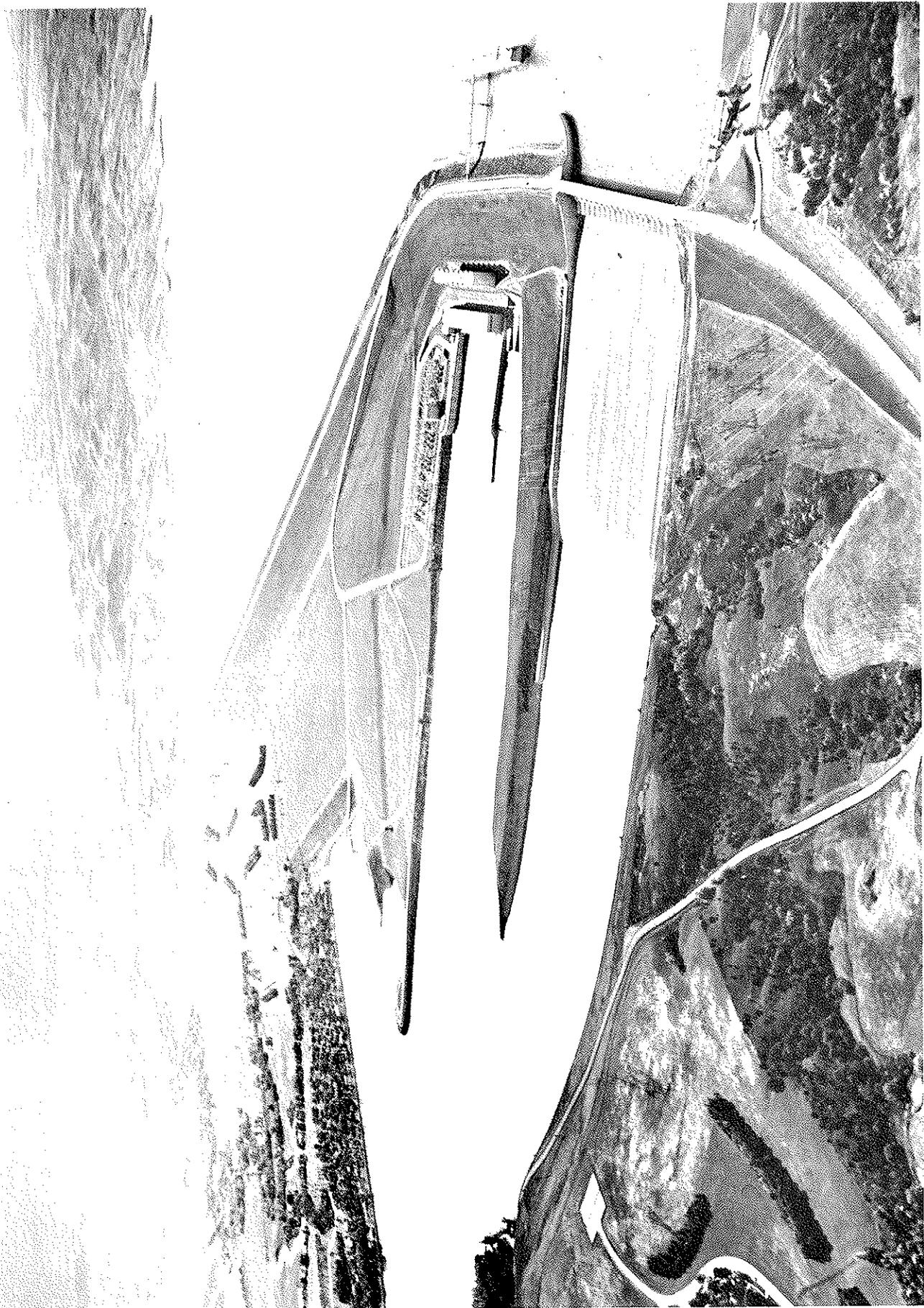
LOCATION : Near Pickstown, South Dakota, on the Missouri River

OWNERSHIP : United States Corps of Engineers

INSTALLED CAPACITY: Unit #1 - 40,000 KW
Unit #2 - 40,000 KW
Unit #3 - 40,000 KW
Unit #4 - 40,000 KW
Unit #5 - 40,000 KW
Unit #6 - 40,000 KW
Unit #7 - 40,000 KW
Unit #8 - 40,000 KW

TOTAL INSTALLED
CAPACITY : 320,000 KW

DATE OF INITIAL
GENERATION : March 1954



SUMMARY
AT-PLANT GROSS CAPABILITY
 (MEGAWATTS)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>1933 ^{1/}</u> | | <u>1961 ^{2/}</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | <u>AUGUST</u> | <u>DECEMBER</u> | <u>AUGUST</u> | <u>DECEMBER</u> |
| 1980 MAINSTEM | 2002 | 1929 | 2101 | 2026 |
| C.F. & 1/2 YELL. ^{3/} | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> |
| TOTAL | 2200 | 2127 | 2299 | 2224 |
| 1985 MAINSTEM | 1979 | 1912 | 2077 | 1998 |
| C.F. & 1/2 YELL. ^{3/} | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> |
| TOTAL | 2177 | 2110 | 2275 | 2196 |
| 1990 MAINSTEM | 1951 | 1924 | 2070 | 2011 |
| C.F. & 1/2 YELL. ^{3/} | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> |
| TOTAL | 2149 | 2122 | 2268 | 2209 |
| 1995 MAINSTEM | 1919 | 1920 | 2034 | 2003 |
| C.F. & 1/2 YELL. ^{3/} | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> |
| TOTAL | 2117 | 2118 | 2232 | 2201 |
| 2000 MAINSTEM | 1876 | 1922 | 1959 | 1984 |
| C.F. & 1/2 YELL. ^{3/} | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> |
| TOTAL | 2074 | 2120 | 2157 | 2182 |

^{1/} 1933 WATER CONDITIONS FOR MAIN STEM PLANTS—LOWER DECILE
 WATER CONDITIONS FOR CANYON FERRY AND YELLOWTAIL.

^{2/} 1961 WATER CONDITIONS FOR MAIN-STEM PLANTS - LOWER DECILE
 WATER CONDITIONS FOR CANYON FERRY AND YELLOWTAIL.

^{3/} 1/2 OF YELLOWTAIL CAPABILITY SHOWN AS 140 MW.

SUMMARY
AT-PLANT GROSS ANNUAL GENERATION
 (MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>APPROXIMATE MEDIAN ANNUAL GENERATION</u> |
|------------------------|---|
| 1980 | |
| MAINSTEM | 9,930 |
| C.F. & ½ YELL. | <u>976</u> |
| TOTAL | 10,906 |
| 1985 | |
| MAINSTEM | 9,840 |
| C.F. & ½ YELL. | <u>896</u> |
| TOTAL | 10,736 |
| 1990 | |
| MAINSTEM | 9,580 |
| C.F. & ½ YELL. | <u>888</u> |
| TOTAL | 10,468 |
| 1995 | |
| MAINSTEM | 9,396 |
| C.F. & ½ YELL. | <u>880</u> |
| TOTAL | 10,276 |
| 2000 | |
| MAINSTEM | 9,190 |
| C.F. & ½ YELL. | <u>872</u> |
| TOTAL | 10,062 |

SUMMARY
AT-PLANT GROSS GENERATION
(MILLIONS OF KWH)

| <u>DEPLETION LEVEL</u> | <u>APPROXIMATE MEDIAN-YEAR WATER CONDITIONS</u> | | | |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | <u>SUMMER</u> (JUNE-SEPT) | <u>WINTER</u> (DEC-FEB) | <u>AUGUST</u> | <u>DECEMBER</u> |
| 1980 | | | | |
| MAINSTEM <u>1/</u> | 3729.1 | 2183.9 | 1028.8 | 812.4 |
| C.F. & <u>1/2</u> YELL. | <u>343.7</u> | <u>243.8</u> | <u>78.2</u> | <u>80.5</u> |
| TOTAL | 4072.8 | 2427.7 | 1107.0 | 892.9 |
| 1985 | | | | |
| MAINSTEM <u>1/</u> | 3657.5 | 2153.5 | 1021.5 | 801.0 |
| C.F. & <u>1/2</u> YELL. | <u>304.3</u> | <u>233.9</u> | <u>72.6</u> | <u>77.6</u> |
| TOTAL | 3961.8 | 2387.4 | 1094.1 | 878.6 |
| 1990 | | | | |
| MAINSTEM <u>1/</u> | 3581.8 | 2101.4 | 995.2 | 780.6 |
| C.F. & <u>1/2</u> YELL. | <u>300.4</u> | <u>232.9</u> | <u>71.8</u> | <u>77.2</u> |
| TOTAL | 3882.2 | 2334.3 | 1067.0 | 857.8 |
| 1995 | | | | |
| MAINSTEM <u>1/</u> | 3488.7 | 2008.9 | 946.7 | 741.0 |
| C.F. & <u>1/2</u> YELL. | <u>296.5</u> | <u>231.9</u> | <u>71.0</u> | <u>76.9</u> |
| TOTAL | 3785.2 | 2240.8 | 1017.7 | 817.9 |
| 2000 | | | | |
| MAINSTEM <u>1/</u> | 3369.1 | 1942.6 | 911.6 | 716.9 |
| C.F. & <u>1/2</u> YELL. | <u>292.6</u> | <u>230.9</u> | <u>70.2</u> | <u>76.6</u> |
| TOTAL | 3661.7 | 2173.5 | 981.8 | 793.5 |

1/ 1.016 X AVERAGE GENERATION

FIGURE 8

GAVINS POINT DAM

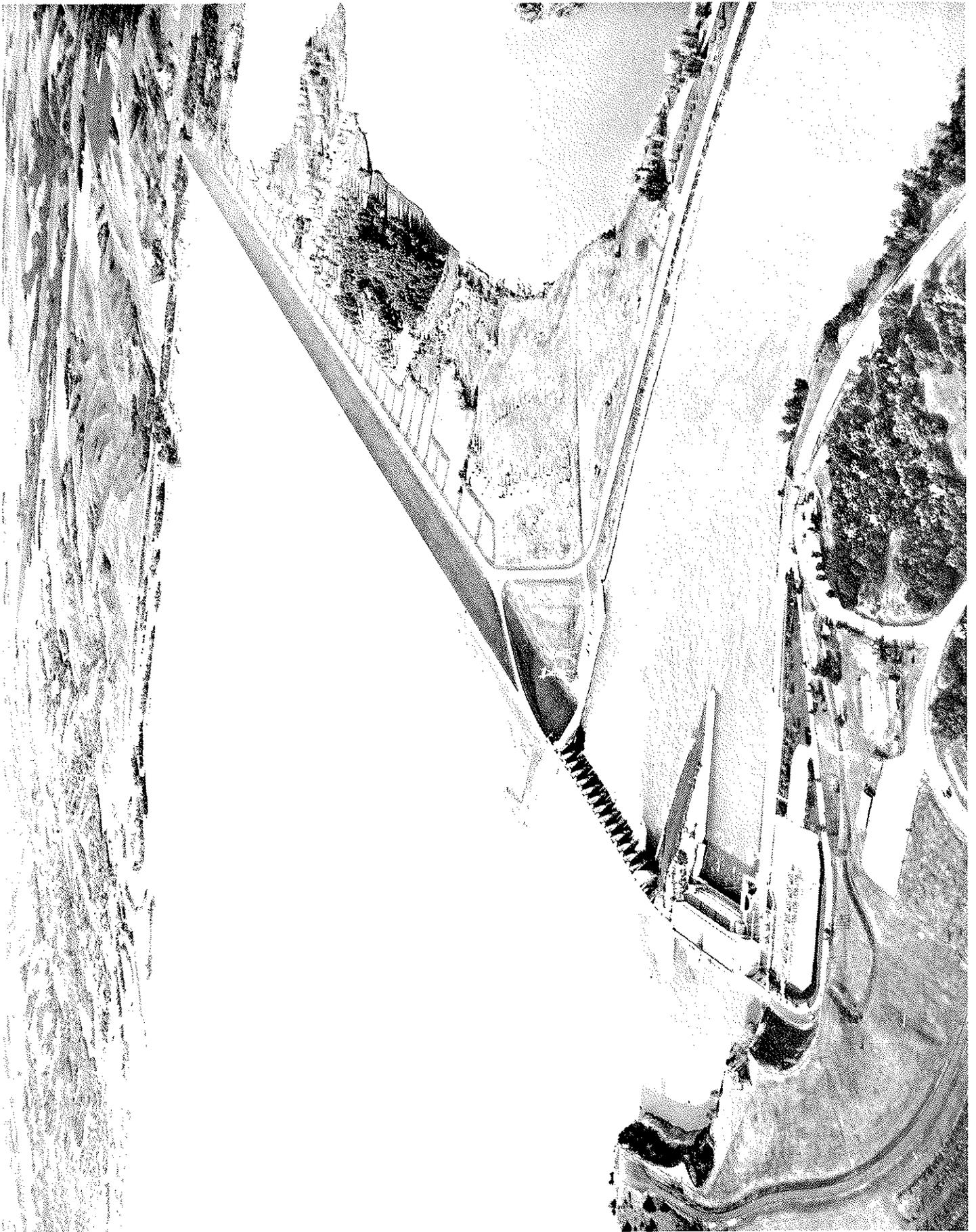
LOCATION : Near Yankton, South Dakota, on the Missouri River

OWNERSHIP : United States Corps of Engineers

INSTALLED CAPACITY: Unit #1 - 33,333 KW
Unit #2 - 33,333 KW
Unit #3 - 33,333 KW

TOTAL INSTALLED
CAPACITY : 100,000 KW

DATE OF INITIAL
GENERATION : September 1966



POTENTIAL NEW RESOURCES

| | | |
|----|---|----------------|
| A. | NEW RESOURCES - NEW FACILITIES | |
| 1. | PUMPED STORAGE | |
| | GREGORY COUNTY (S.D.) - - - | 1,180 MW |
| | WOULD GENERATE 9 HOURS EACH WEEKDAY | |
| | (45 HOURS PER WEEK) - 27% LOAD FACTOR | |
| 2. | POSSIBLE IMPORT FOR ABOUT 17 YEARS FROM | |
| | MANITOBA HYDRO | 1,000 MW |
| | FORT BENTON (MONTANA) | <u>360 MW*</u> |
| | SUBTOTAL A | 2,540 MW |
| B. | NEW RESOURCES AT EXISTING FACILITIES | |
| 1. | FORT PECK PEAKING | 185 MW |
| 2. | GARRISON PEAKING | <u>272 MW</u> |
| | SUBTOTAL | 457 MW |
| 3. | CANYON FERRY PEAKING | 90 MW |
| 4. | YELLOWTAIL AFTERBAY (FIRM) | 11 MW |
| 5. | FT. RANDALL PEAKING | <u>282 MW</u> |
| | SUBTOTAL B | 840 MW |
| C. | TOTAL POTENTIAL NEW RESOURCES | 3,380 MW |

FUTURE MARKETING

The following sheets present possible marketing of firm capability for 1990 and 2000. The sheets are not complete because the selections of the several options available have not been determined. Although we have made considerable study of system load factors and energy availability, the matter of firm power (with energy) sales and resultant purchases necessary has not been addressed.

This section will be expanded considerably for the June meetings. Also, possible marketing of potential resources will be treated in more detail.

SUMMARY
ESTIMATED LEVEL OF IRRIGATION DEVELOPMENT
EASTERN DIVISION-PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI BASIN PROGRAM

| <u>YEAR</u> | <u>DEMAND</u> (KW) | <u>INCREASE</u> <u>FROM PREVIOUS</u> <u>LEVEL</u> | <u>ENERGY</u> (MWH) | <u>INCREASE</u> <u>FROM PREVIOUS</u> <u>LEVEL</u> |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| 1980 | 16,234 | | 23,328 | |
| 1985 | 41,249 | 25,015 | 26,433 | 3,105 |
| 1990 | 91,692 | 50,443 | 102,180.3 | 75,747.3 |
| 1995 | 103,320 | 11,628 | 156,849.9 | 54,669.6 |
| 2000 | 136,823 | 33,503 | 212,543.7 | 55,693.8 |

AVERAGE ANNUAL DEPLETIONS
IN EXCESS OF 1975 LEVEL 1/
(ACRE FEET)

| | |
|------|-----------|
| 1980 | 330,000 |
| 1985 | 619,000 |
| 1990 | 1,026,000 |
| 1995 | 1,664,000 |
| 2000 | 2,311,000 |

1/ AVERAGE ANNUAL DEPLETIONS FOR 1975 LEVEL OF DEVELOPMENT ESTIMATED AT 6 TO 7 MILLION ACRE FEET.

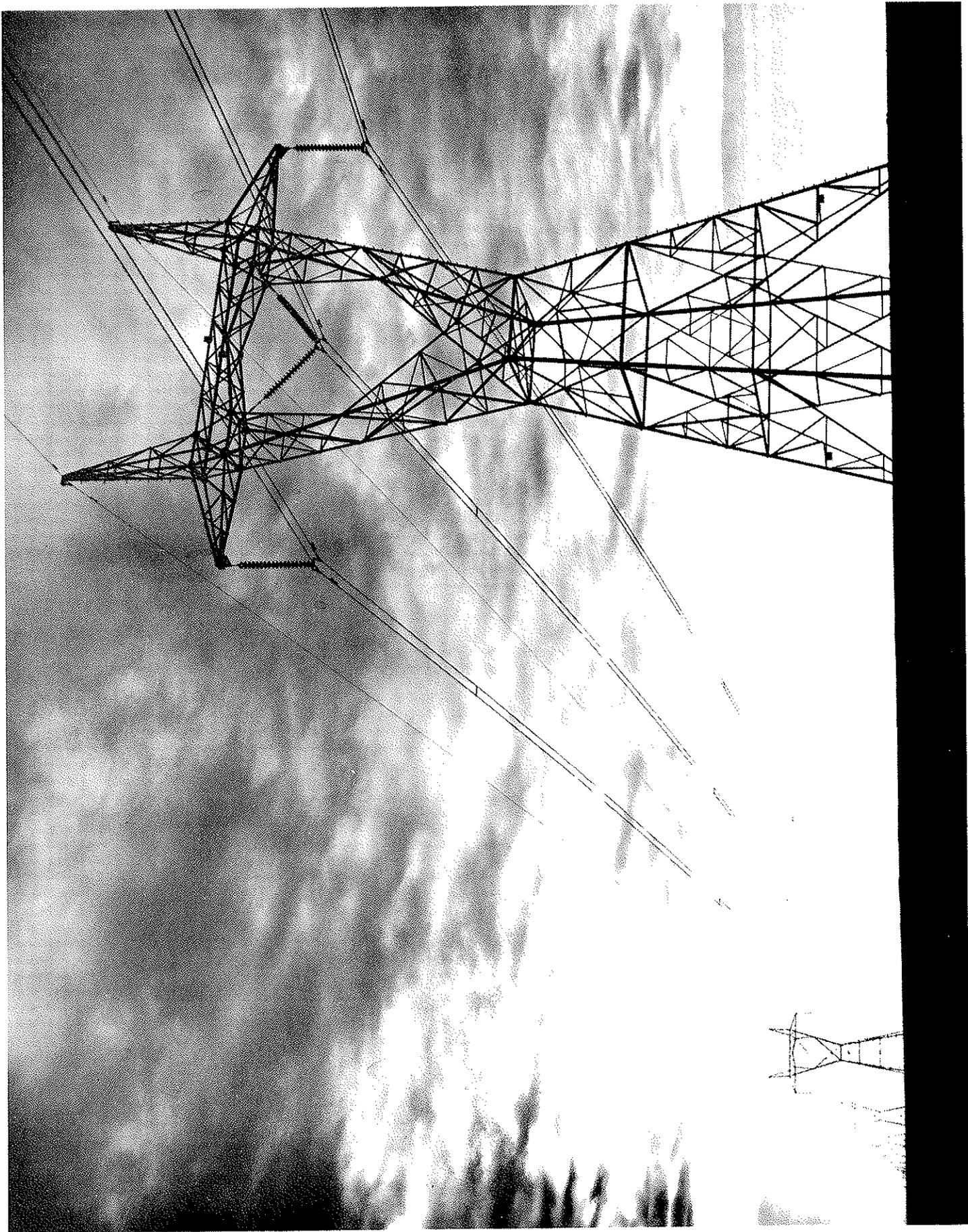
DATA FROM: UPPER MISSOURI REGION
WATER AND POWER RESOURCES SERVICE

FIGURE 9

FORT THOMPSON TO GRAND ISLAND
345 Kilovolt Transmission Line

LOCATION : Between Fort Thompson, South Dakota, and Grand Island, Nebraska

OWNERSHIP : Western Area Power Administration



POST-1985 MARKETING
 (MEGAWATTS)

1. 1990

| | <u>AUGUST</u> | <u>DECEMBER</u> |
|--|---------------|---------------------|
| 1990 DEPLETION LEVEL | | |
| MAIN STEM (1961 COND) | 2,070 | 2,005 ^{1/} |
| C.F. & 1/2 Y.T. | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> |
| TOTAL | 2,268 | 2,203 |
| LESS PLANT USE | <u>9</u> | <u>14</u> |
| RESULTANT CAPABILITY | 2,259 | 2,189 |
| PLUS SPA HYD. DIVERSITY | <u>25</u> | <u>25</u> |
| EASTERN DIV. CAPABILITY | 2,284 | 2,214 |
| 10% RESERVES | <u>208</u> | <u>201</u> |
| SALEABLE CAPABILITY | 2,076 | 2,013 |
| SCHEDULED PROJECT PUMPING | 92 | - |
| INTERDEPARTMENTAL | <u>-</u> | <u>1</u> |
| SUBTOTAL | 92 | 1 |
| CAPABILITY FOR COMMERCIAL FIRM | 1,984 | 2,012 |
| EXISTING COMMITMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL FIRM | <u>1,982</u> | <u>1,967</u> |
| AVAILABLE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS OBSERVING SCHEDULED DEPLETIONS & SCHEDULED PROJECT PUMPING | <u>2</u> | <u>45</u> |

^{1/} ADJUSTED FROM 2,011 MW. HIGHER CAPABILITY CAUSED
 BY OPERATION AT FT. RANDALL

POST-1985 MARKETING
 (MEGAWATTS)

| | AUGUST | DECEMBER |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| REDUCTION IN AUGUST MAIN STEM CAPABILITY FROM 1985-1990 | 7 | (7) |
| INCREASE IN SCHEDULED PROJECT PUMPING FROM 1985-1990 | 50 | - |
| SUGGESTED POSSIBLE NEW COMMITMENTS | 35 | 40 |
| SUMMARY: | | |
| CAPABILITY FOR COMMERCIAL FIRM | 1,984 | 2,012 |
| EXISTING COMMITMENTS | 1,982 | 1,967 |
| SUGGESTED POSSIBLE NEW COMMITMENTS | <u>35</u> | <u>40</u> |
| POSSIBLE 1990 COMMITMENTS | 2,017 | 2,007 |
| SURPLUS/DEFICIT | (33) | 5 |
| REQUIRED WITHDRAWAL BY GIVING 5-YEARS NOTICE | 33 | - |
| PERCENT POTENTIAL WITHDRAWAL | 1.6 | - |
| INCREASE IN 1990 MAIN STEM CAPABILITY FROM 1933 WATER CONDITIONS TO 1961 WATER CONDITIONS 2/ | 119 | 81 |

2/ POTENTIAL EXPOSURE FROM USE OF NEW CAPABILITY CRITERIA

POST-1985 MARKETING
 (MEGAWATTS)

2. 2000

| | <u>AUGUST</u> | <u>DECEMBER</u> |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 2,000 DEPLETION LEVEL | | |
| MAIN STEM (1961 COND) | 1,959 | 2,000 ^{1/} |
| C.F.& 1/2 YT | <u>198</u> | <u>198</u> |
| TOTAL | 2,157 | 2,198 |
| LESS PLANT USE | <u>9</u> | <u>14</u> |
| RESULTANT CAPABILITY | 2,148 | 2,184 |
| PLUS SPA HYDR. DIVERSITY | <u>25</u> | <u>25</u> |
| EASTERN DIV. CAPABILITY | 2,173 | 2,209 |
| 10% RESERVES | <u>198</u> | <u>201</u> |
| SALEABLE CAPABILITY | 1,975 | 2,008 |
| SCHEDULED PROJECT PUMPING | 137 | - |
| INTERDEPARTMENTAL | <u>-</u> | <u>1</u> |
| SUBTOTAL | 137 | 1 |
| CAPABILITY FOR COMMERCIAL FIRM | 1,838 | 2,007 |

^{1/} ADJUSTED FROM 1984 MW. ASSUMES SLIGHTLY LESS EFFECT FROM INCREASED DEPLETION.

POST-1985 MARKETING
 (MEGAWATTS)

| | <u>AUGUST</u> | <u>DECEMBER</u> |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| CAPABILITY FOR COMMERCIAL FIRM | 1,838 | 2,007 |
| POSSIBLE 1990 COMMITMENTS | 2,017 | 2,007 |
| SURPLUS/DEFICIT BY 2000 | (179) | - |
| REDUCTION IN AUGUST MAIN STEM CAPABILITY FROM 1990 TO 2000 | 111 | - |
| REDUCTION IN AUGUST MAIN STEM CAPABILITY FROM 1995 TO 2000 | 75 | - |
| INCREASE IN SCHEDULED PROJECT PUMPING FROM 1990 TO 2000 | 45 | - |
| INCREASE IN SCHEDULED PROJECT PUMPING FROM 1995 TO 2000 | 34 | - |
| POSSIBLE 2000 COMMITMENTS | 1,838 TO 2,017 | 2,007 |
| REQUIRED WITHDRAWAL BY GIVING 5-YEAR NOTICE | 0 TO 179 | - |
| SUGGESTED 2000 COMMITMENTS | | |
| INCREASE IN 2000 MAIN STEM CAPABILITY FROM 1933 WATER CONDITIONS TO 1961 WATER CONDITIONS ^{2/} | 83 | 62 |

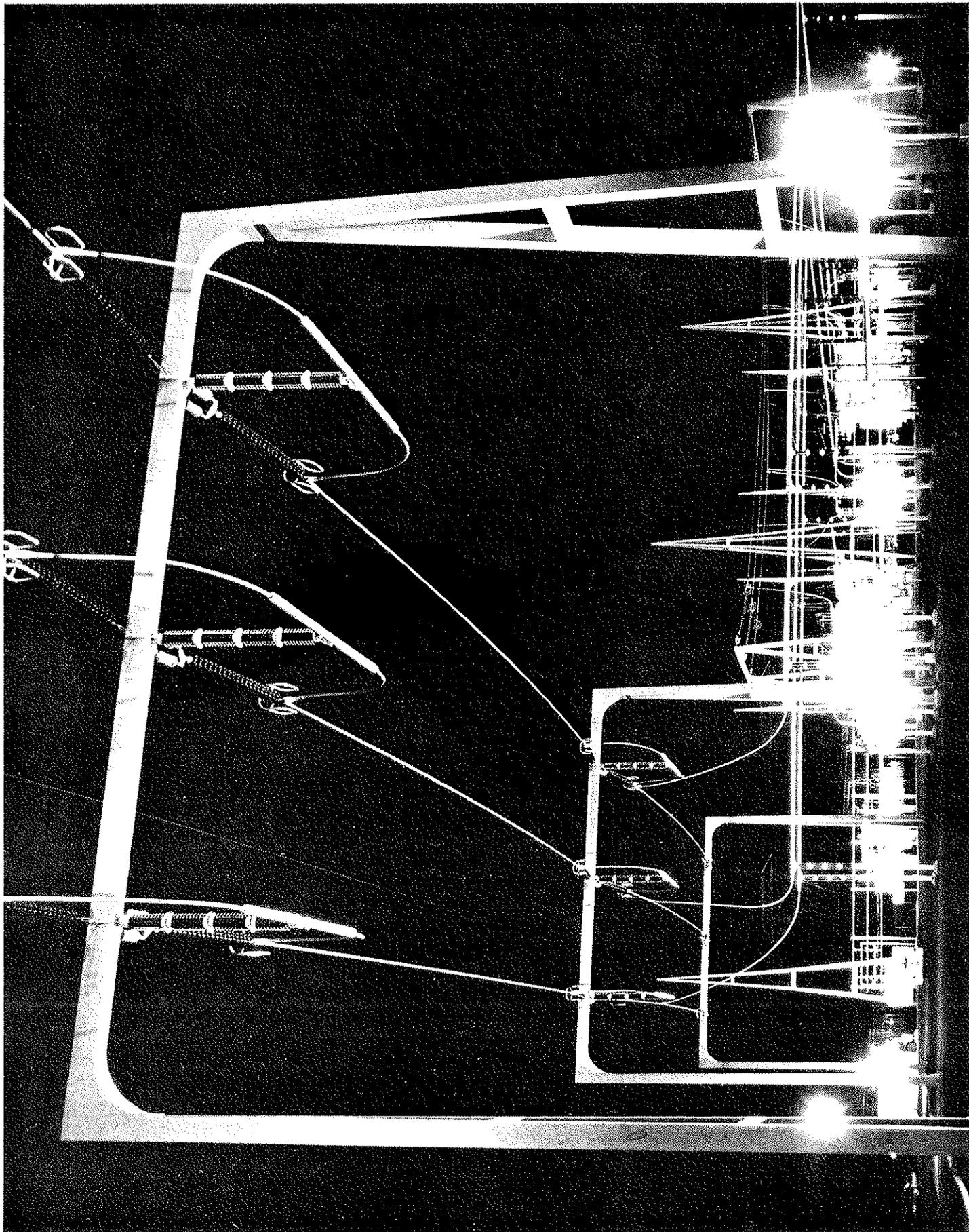
^{2/} POTENTIAL EXPOSURE FROM USE OF NEW CAPABILITY CRITERIA.

FIGURE 10

FORT THOMPSON SUBSTATION
345 Kilovolt Bus

LOCATION : Fort Thompson, South Dakota

OWNSHIP : Western Area Power Administration



APPENDIX

This section includes additional detail on resources and on system load factors (energy use).

HISTORICAL WATER SUPPLY
MISSOURI RIVER AT SIOUX CITY *
 1898-1979

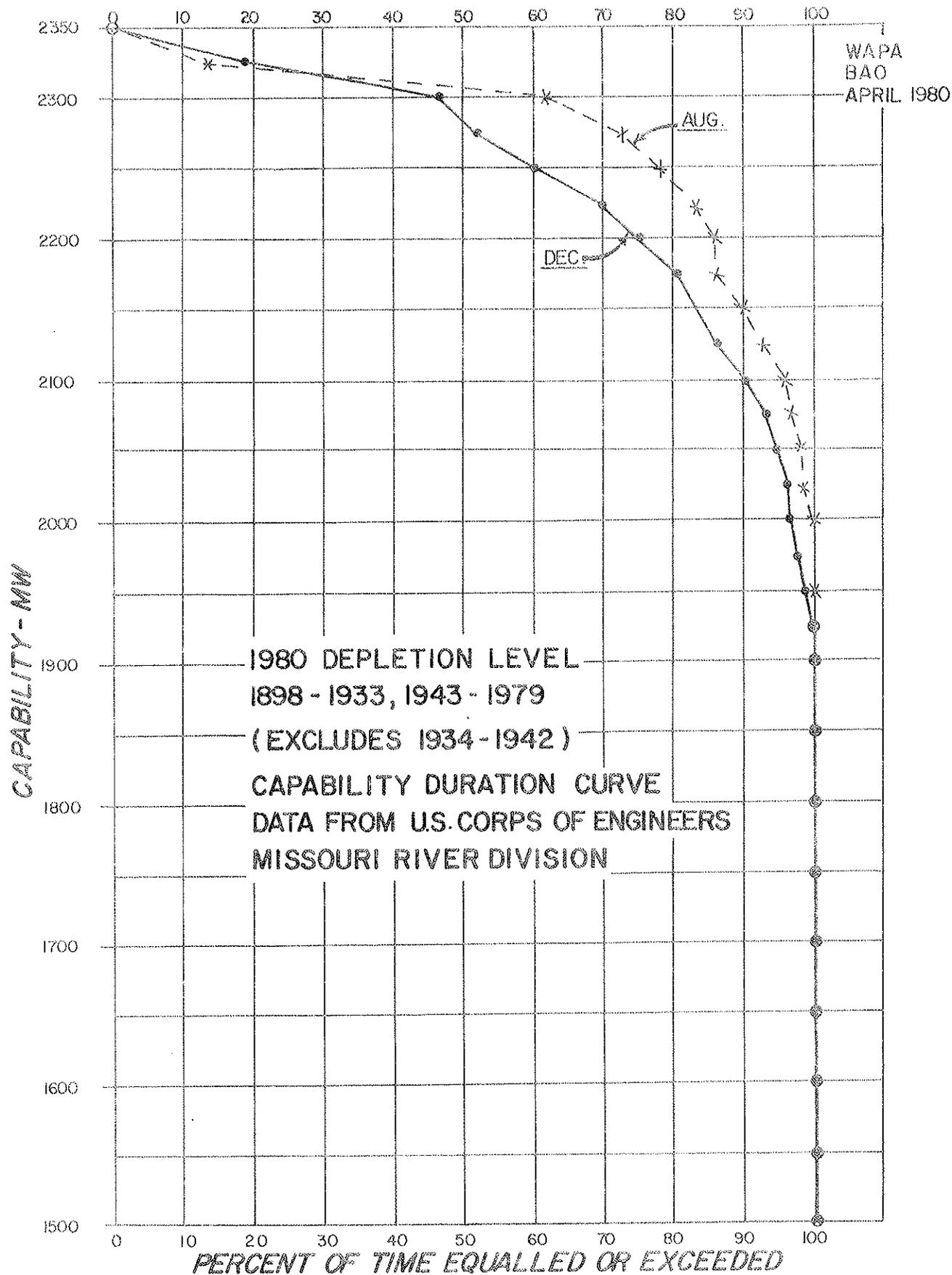
| | <u>NUMBER OF YRS EXPERIENCED</u> | <u>PERCENT OF TOTAL PERIOD</u> | <u>NUMBER OF YRS IN SEQUENCE</u> |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| UPPER DECILE (33.2 MAF) OR BETTER | 8 | 9.8 | 0 |
| BETWEEN UPPER QUARTILE AND UPPER DECILE | 13 | 15.9 | 2 (1915-16) 2 (1971-72) |
| UPPER QUARTILE (29.8 MAF) OR BETTER | 21 | 25.6 | 3 (1907-09) 3 (1915-17) 2 (1927-28) 2 (1971-72) |
| BETWEEN MEAN AND UPPER QUARTILE | 20 | 24.4 | 2 (1913-14) 2 (1924-25) 2 (1947-48) 2 (1950-51) |
| MEAN (24.9 MAF) OR BETTER | 41 | 50.0 | 2 (1898-99) 4 (1906-09) 7 (1912-18) 3 (1923-25) 2 (1927-28) 3 (1942-44) 2 (1947-48) 4 (1950-53) 4 (1969-72) 3 (1974-76) 2 (1978-79) |
| MEAN OR WORSE | 41 | 50.0 | 4 (1900-03) 2 (1910-11) 2 (1921-22) 13 (1929-41) 2 (1945-46) 8 (1954-61) 2 (1963-64) |

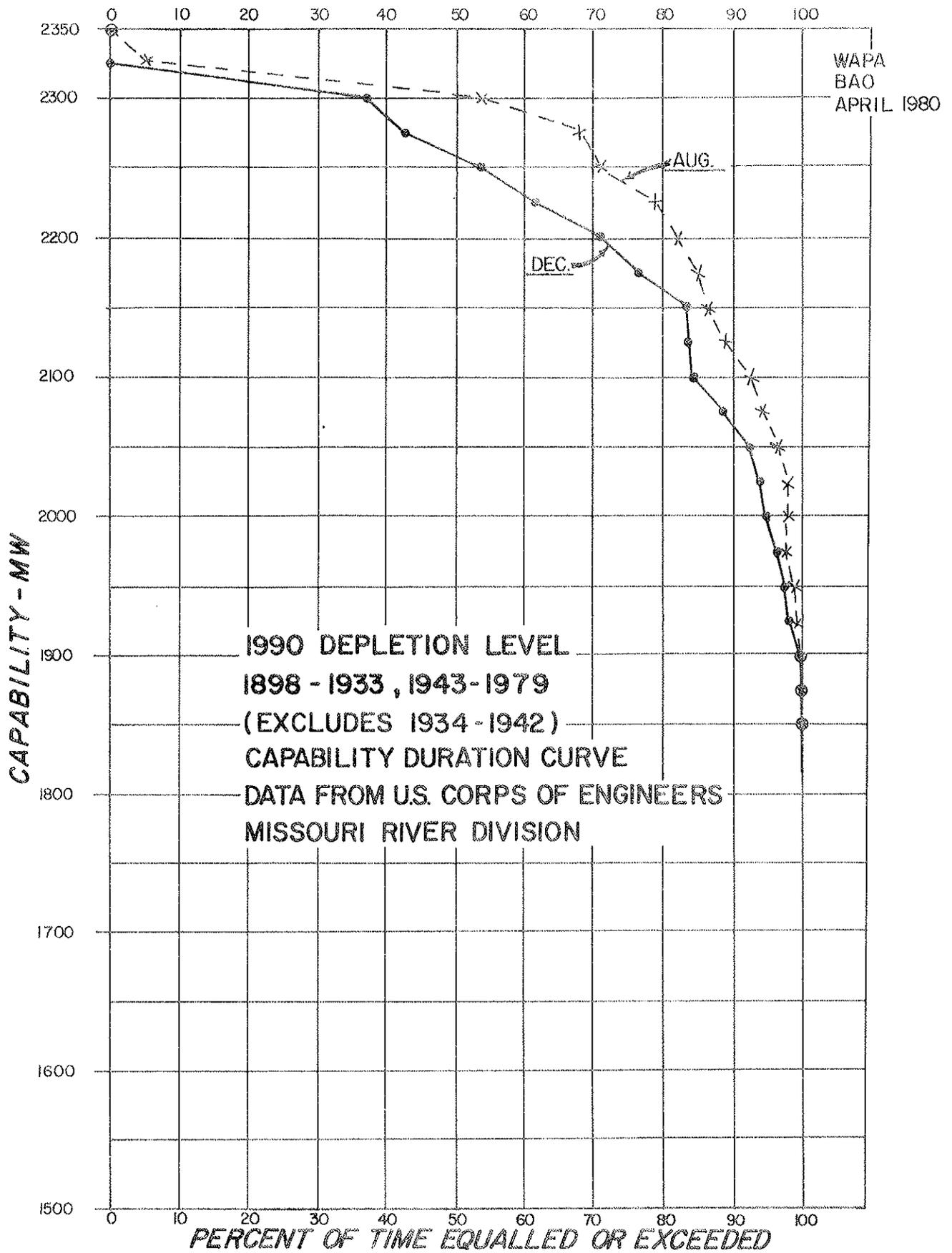
HISTORICAL WATER SUPPLY (CONT.)

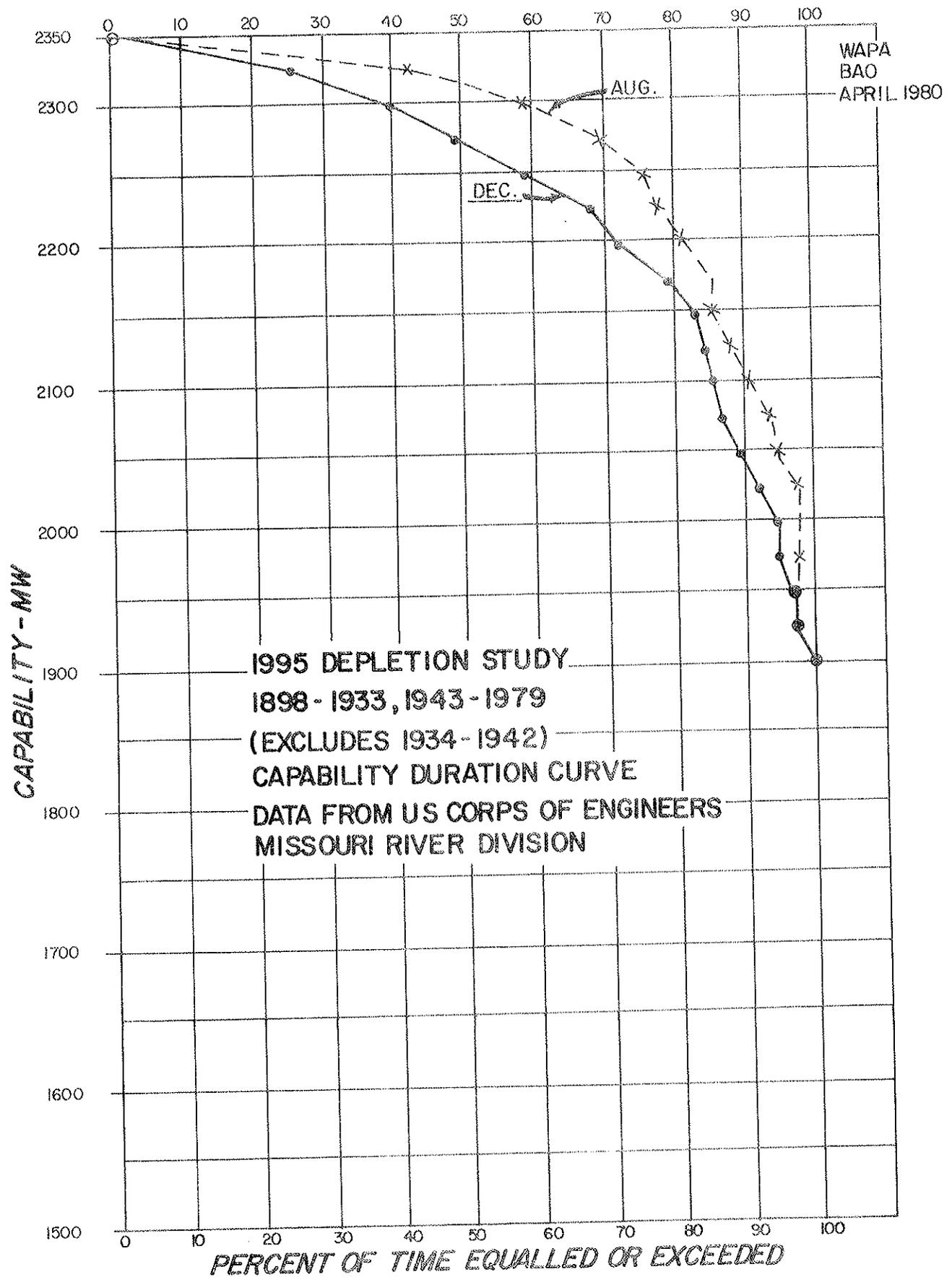
| | <u>NUMBER OF YRS EXPERIENCED</u> | <u>PERCENT OF TOTAL PERIOD</u> | <u>NUMBER OF YRS IN SEQUENCE</u> |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| BETWEEN MEAN AND LOWER QUARTILE (19.9 MAF) | 20 | 24.4 | 4 (1900-03) 2 (1910-11) 2 (1921-22) 2 (1945-46) 2 (1963-64) |
| LOWER QUARTILE OR WORSE | 21 | 25.6 | 8 (1930-37) 3 (1939-41) 3 (1954-56) 2 (1958-59) |
| BETWEEN LOWER QUARTILE AND LOWER DECILE (15.0 MAF) | 13 | 15.9 | 2 (1932-33) 3 (1954-56) 2 (1958-59) |
| LOWER DECILE OR WORSE | 8 <u>1/</u> | 9.8 | 4 (1934-37) |

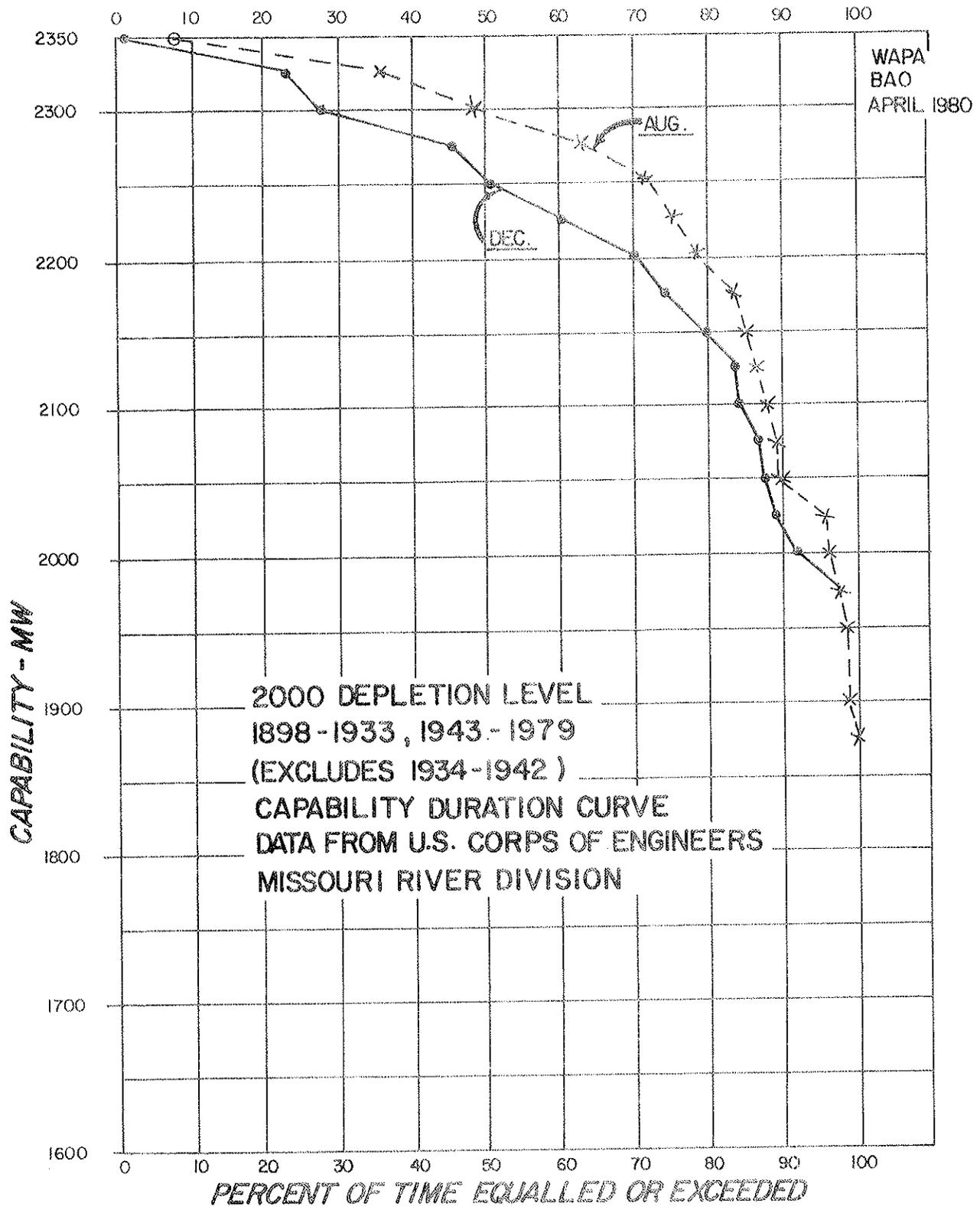
* ADJUSTED TO 1949 LEVEL OF DEVELOPMENT -- From Missouri River Division -
Corps of Engineers

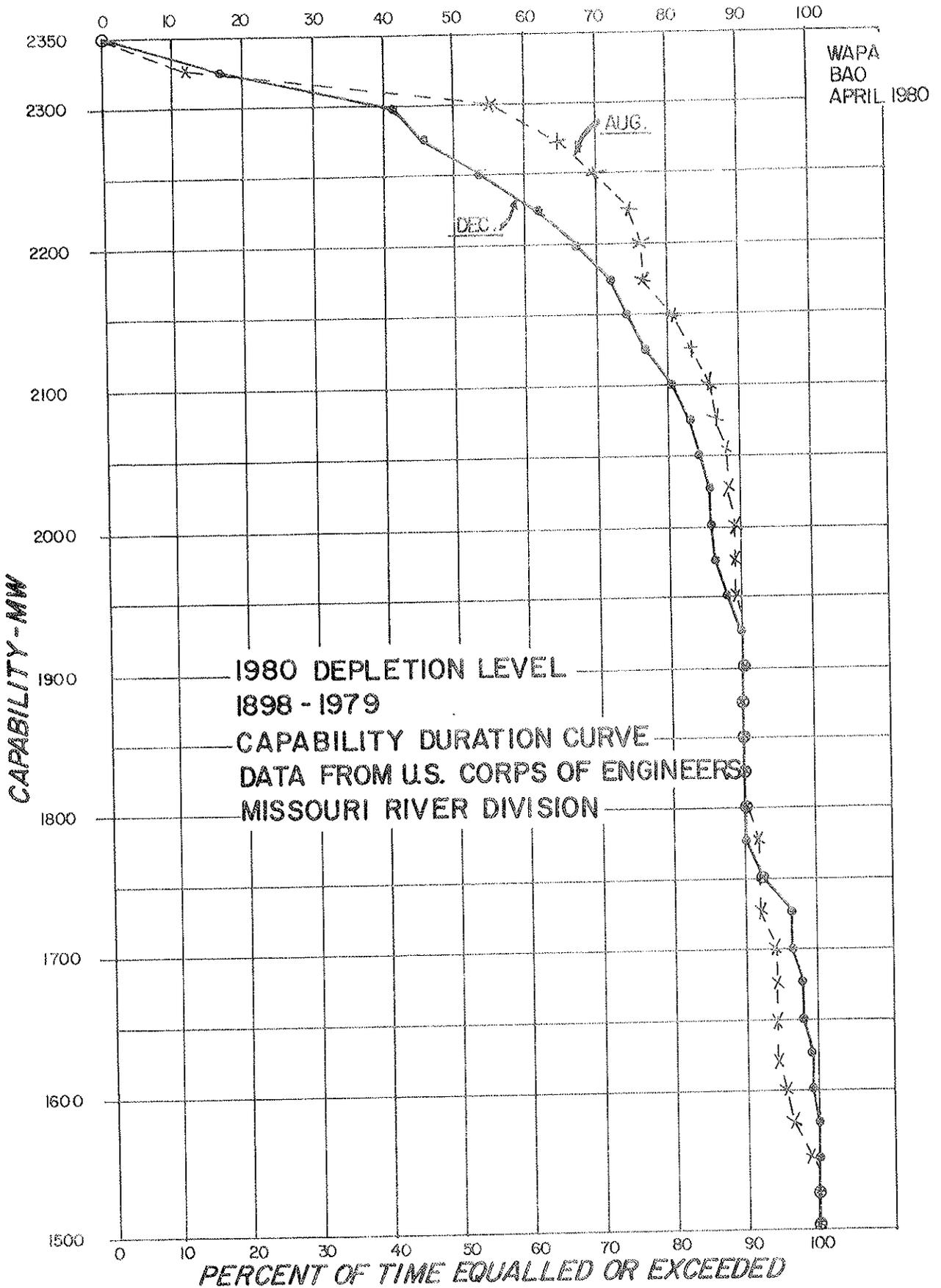
1/ Six years in the 1930's drought
Two years (1919 & 1961) outside the 1930's drought

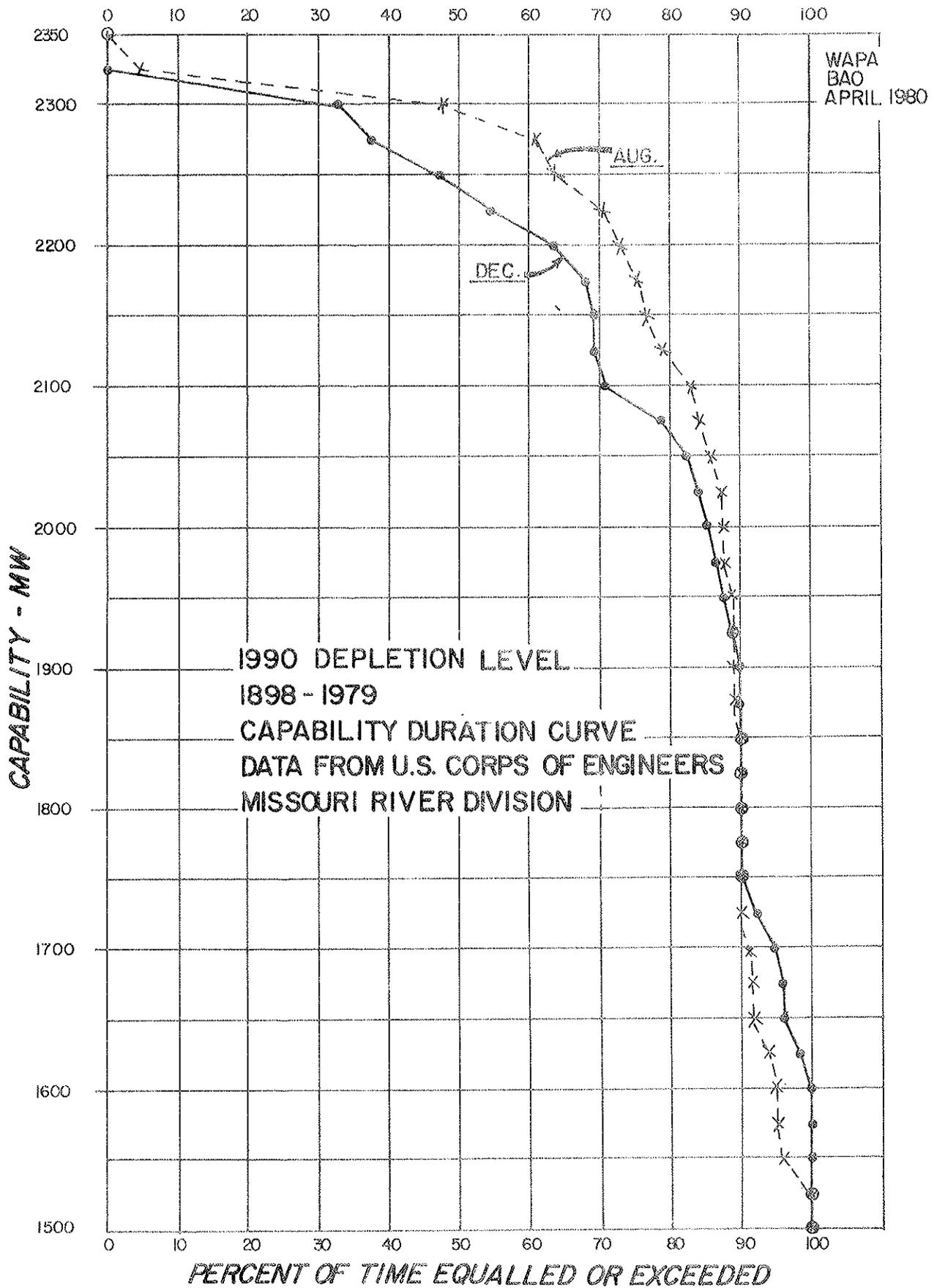


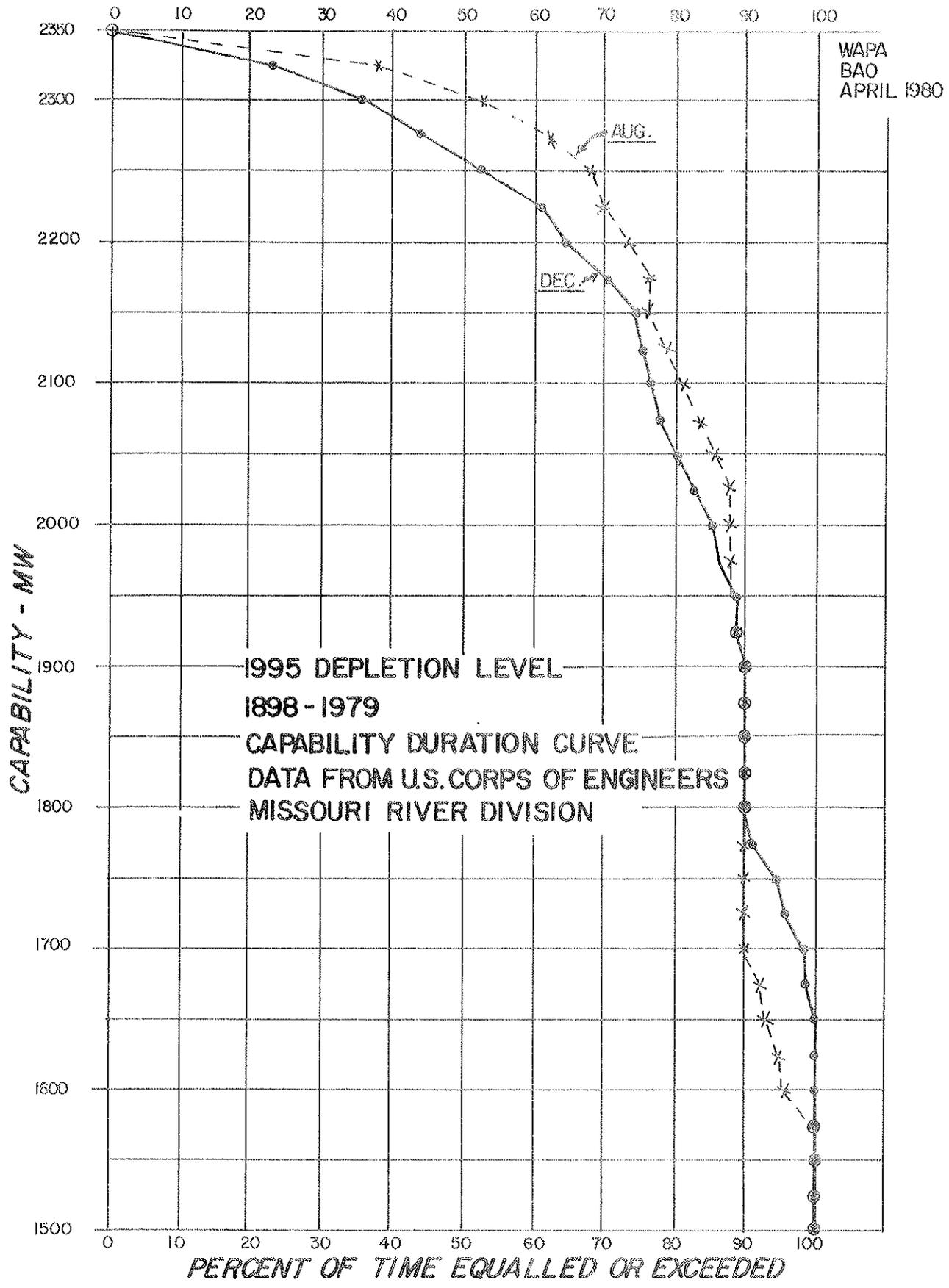


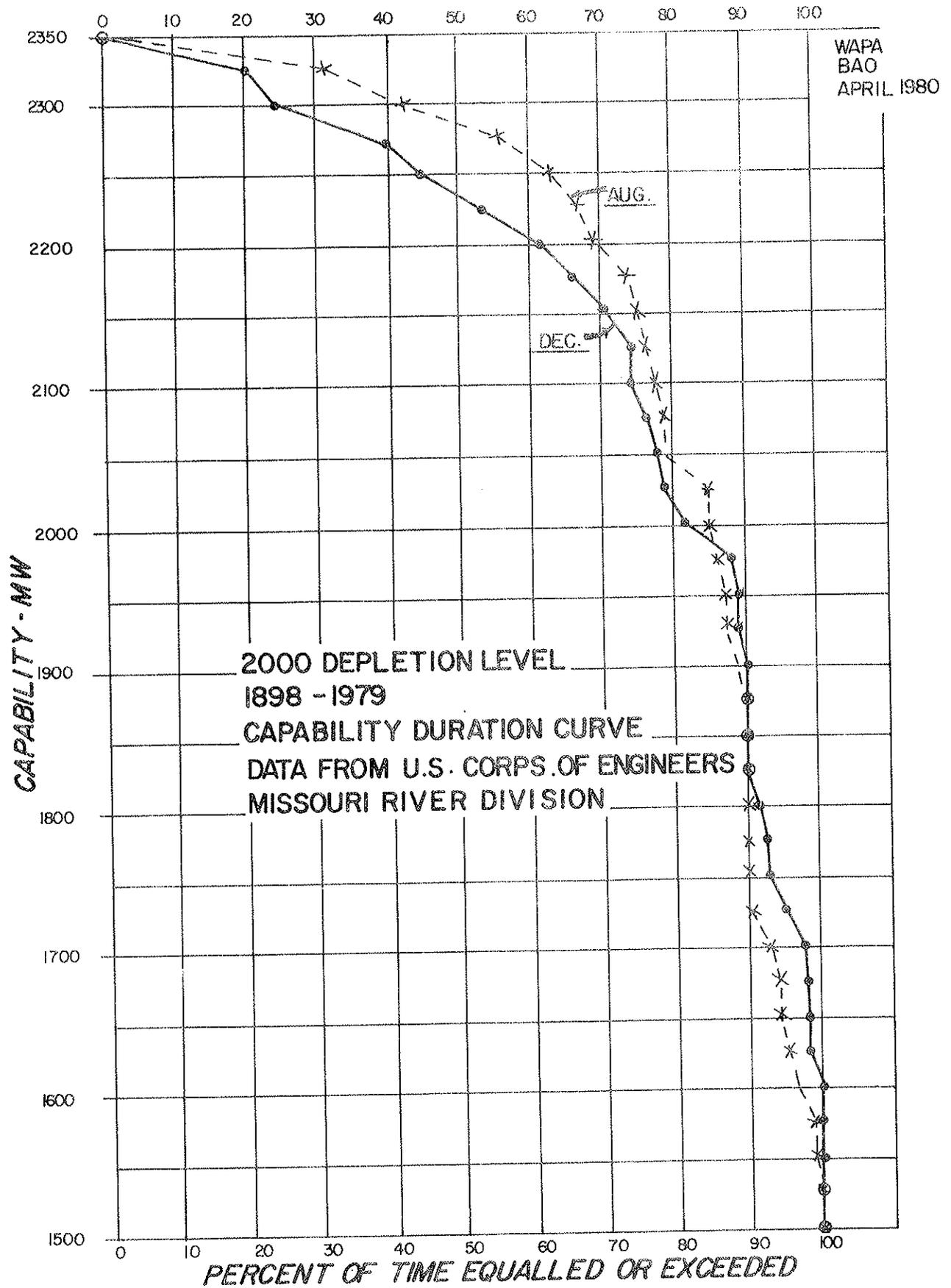












PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT LOAD CHARACTERISTICS

Monthly Demands as a % of Peak

| | <u>Annual</u> (%) | <u>Seasonal</u> (%) |
|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|
| January | 68.6 | 100.0 |
| February | 66.5 | 96.9 |
| March | 58.7 | 85.5 |
| April | 53.8 | 78.3 |
| May | 63.7 | 63.7 |
| June | 85.9 | 85.9 |
| July | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| August | 94.8 | 94.8 |
| September | 80.6 | 80.6 |
| October | 60.0 | 60.0 |
| November | 61.5 | 89.6 |
| December | 66.1 | 96.4 |

PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT LOAD CHARACTERISTICS

| | <u>Monthly Energy as a % of Annual Energy</u> (%) | <u>Monthly Energy as a % of Seasonal Energy</u> (%) | <u>Load Factor</u> (%) |
|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------------|
| January | 9.1 | 18.7 | 74.3 |
| February | 7.8 | 16.1 | 66.0 |
| March | 7.5 | 15.4 | 79.3 |
| April | 8.2 | 16.8 | 85.4 |
| WINTER SEASONAL | | 100.0 | 67.7 |
| May | 6.8 | 13.2 | 62.2 |
| June | 8.3 | 16.1 | 54.3 |
| July | 11.4 | 22.2 | 66.4 |
| August | 10.0 | 19.4 | 59.2 |
| September | 7.4 | 14.4 | 51.6 |
| October | 7.5 | 14.7 | 73.3 |
| SUMMER SEASONAL | | 100.0 | 49.1 |
| November | 7.5 | 15.5 | 68.8 |
| December | 8.5 | 17.5 | 74.4 |
| ANNUAL | 100.0 | | 47.8 |

COOP LOAD CHARACTERISTICS

Monthly Demands as a % of Peak

| | <u>Annual</u> (%) | <u>Seasonal</u> (%) |
|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|
| January | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| February | 96.3 | 96.3 |
| March | 84.9 | 84.9 |
| April | 78.9 | 78.9 |
| May | 59.6 | 86.5 |
| June | 59.9 | 86.9 |
| July | 67.6 | 98.1 |
| August | 68.9 | 100.0 |
| September | 64.6 | 93.7 |
| October | 66.2 | 95.6 |
| November | 77.9 | 77.9 |
| December | 93.8 | 93.8 |

COOP LOAD CHARACTERISTICS

| | Monthly Energy as a % of <u>Annual Energy</u> (%) | Monthly Energy as a % of <u>Seasonal Energy</u> (%) | <u>Load Factor</u> (%) |
|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------------|
| January | 11.8 | 19.8 | 67.0 |
| February | 11.3 | 18.9 | 66.4 |
| March | 9.2 | 15.6 | 68.4 |
| April | 8.4 | 14.1 | 60.2 |
| WINTER SEASONAL | | 100.0 | 57.5 |
| May | 6.4 | 15.8 | 63.4 |
| June | 6.4 | 15.8 | 61.0 |
| July | 6.9 | 17.1 | 60.3 |
| August | 7.4 | 18.1 | 60.6 |
| September | 6.7 | 16.4 | 58.6 |
| October | 6.8 | 16.8 | 60.4 |
| SUMMER SEASONAL | | 100.0 | 56.7 |
| November | 8.3 | 14.0 | 60.4 |
| December | 10.4 | 17.6 | 65.5 |
| ANNUAL | 100.0 | | 48.3 |

MUNICIPAL LOAD CHARACTERISTICS

Monthly Demands as a % of Peak

| | <u>Annual</u> (%) | <u>Seasonal</u> (%) |
|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|
| January | 60.9 | 100.0 |
| February | 57.0 | 93.7 |
| March | 53.7 | 88.2 |
| April | 51.1 | 84.0 |
| May | 71.1 | 71.1 |
| June | 91.4 | 91.4 |
| July | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| August | 96.6 | 96.6 |
| September | 84.1 | 84.1 |
| October | 57.5 | 57.5 |
| November | 55.9 | 91.9 |
| December | 60.5 | 99.3 |

MUNICIPAL LOAD CHARACTERISTICS

| | <u>Monthly Energy as a % of Annual Energy</u> (%) | <u>Monthly Energy as a % of Seasonal Energy</u> (%) | <u>Load Factor</u> (%) |
|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------------|
| January | 8.5 | 18.6 | 71.9 |
| February | 7.6 | 16.4 | 67.6 |
| March | 7.5 | 16.3 | 78.8 |
| April | 6.9 | 15.0 | 69.0 |
| WINTER SEASONAL | | 100.0 | 65.2 |
| May | 7.3 | 13.5 | 54.0 |
| June | 9.0 | 16.8 | 50.4 |
| July | 11.3 | 21.0 | 59.6 |
| August | 10.7 | 19.8 | 56.4 |
| September | 8.2 | 15.2 | 49.6 |
| October | 7.4 | 13.7 | 67.4 |
| SUMMER SEASONAL | | 100.0 | 46.5 |
| November | 7.3 | 15.8 | 66.3 |
| December | 8.3 | 17.9 | 72.0 |
| ANNUAL | 100.0 | | 43.3 |

HISTORICAL LOAD FACTORS
Firm and Additional Firm

| | <u>1974-5</u> | <u>1975-6</u> | <u>1976-7</u> | <u>1977-8</u> | <u>1978-9</u> | <u>1979</u> | <u>5-Year</u> <u>Average</u> |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
| November | 63.5 | 64.9 | 66.8 | 66.4 | 63.0 | | 64.9 |
| December | 68.3 | 65.1 | 67.2 | 64.0 | 69.7 | | 66.9 |
| ANNUAL | | 56.2 | 56.4 | 53.9 | 57.1 | 56.6 | 56.0 |
| January | 65.7 | 67.9 | 70.6 | 72.0 | 73.2 | | 69.9 |
| February | 69.2 | 66.3 | 67.6 | 71.1 | 75.0 | | 69.8 |
| March | 65.4 | 64.9 | 64.4 | 64.4 | 64.3 | | 64.7 |
| April | 69.5 | 66.4 | 65.0 | 67.1 | 68.0 | | 67.2 |
| SEASONAL (Wint) | 62.0 | 59.5 | 59.7 | 60.7 | 63.5 | | 61.1 |
| May | 61.4 | 61.8 | 60.8 | 62.3 | 65.6 | | 62.4 |
| June | 61.6 | 59.2 | 58.7 | 58.9 | 56.9 | | 59.1 |
| July | 59.2 | 57.6 | 58.0 | 57.8 | 57.9 | | 58.1 |
| August | 59.7 | 60.4 | 58.2 | 60.4 | 58.5 | | 59.4 |
| September | 57.9 | 56.1 | 59.1 | 56.2 | 56.5 | | 57.2 |
| October | 63.9 | 64.2 | 63.2 | 64.7 | 64.4 | | 64.1 |
| SEASONAL (Sum) | 53.7 | 53.8 | 52.4 | 54.1 | 53.4 | | 53.5 |

HISTORICAL LOAD FACTORS
FIRM AND ADDITIONAL FIRM

| | <u>1966-67</u> (%) | <u>1967-68</u> (%) | <u>1968-69</u> (%) | <u>1969</u> (%) | <u>3-Year</u> <u>Average</u> (%) |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| November | 63.5 | 62.4 | 62.9 | | 62.9 |
| December | 61.9 | 61.1 | 63.4 | | 62.1 |
| ANNUAL | -- | 54.8 | 52.4 | 52.5 | 53.2 |
| January | 66.2 | 66.6 | 64.8 | | 65.9 |
| February | 62.3 | 66.4 | 66.3 | | 65.0 |
| March | 60.3 | 61.2 | 64.5 | | 62.0 |
| April | 62.2 | 62.4 | 65.5 | | 63.4 |
| SEASONAL (Winter) | 60.2 | 55.3 | 57.0 | | 57.5 |
| May | 60.6 | 62.8 | 62.8 | | 62.1 |
| June | 61.4 | 61.9 | 63.2 | | 62.2 |
| July | 58.9 | 60.1 | 61.0 | | 60.0 |
| August | 64.2 | 61.7 | 64.6 | | 63.5 |
| September | 61.5 | 62.5 | 63.5 | | 62.5 |
| October | 64.0 | 62.6 | 64.0 | | 63.5 |
| SEASONAL (Summer) | 59.5 | 57.5 | 58.9 | | 58.6 |

SEASONAL LOAD FACTOR THAT CAN BE SUPPORTED
BY HYDRO GENERATION UNDER MEDIAN WATER CONDITIONS
(Based on Existing Firm Commitments with Energy)

Saleable median hydro generation projected for the year 2000: 8974 GWH

Estimated split by seasons:

| <u>Summer</u> | <u>Winter</u> |
|---------------|---------------|
| (56%) | (44%) |
| 5035 GWH | 3939 GWH |

Seasonal load factor based on existing firm commitments with energy:

| <u>Summer</u> | <u>Winter</u> |
|--|--|
| $\frac{5,035,000 \text{ MWH}}{1699 \text{ MW} \times 4392 \text{ hrs}} = 67.5\%$ | $\frac{3,939,000 \text{ MWH}}{1608 \text{ MW} \times 4368 \text{ hrs}} = 56.1\%$ |

Multiplier to convert seasonal load factors to monthly load factors is estimated to be approximately 1.10.